The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,430 New Series. BOMBAY :—SATURDAY, JULY 18, 1885.

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessels.	Tons	H. P.	Captains.	TUESDAY 1885.
M. Surat	3142	530	C. R. Edwards	21st July.
P. Indus	3462	600	W. E. Breese	28th "
— Assaye	3038	500	S. F. Cole	4th Aug.
P. Rome	5013	1000	G. F. Cates	11th "
M. Malwa	2909	600	G. W. Atkinson	18th "
P. Carthage	5013	1000	G. N. Hector	25th "
— Gwalior	2733	5 0	P. Harris	1st Sept.
P. Parramatta	4759	600	W. D. Anderson	8th "
M. Cathay	3863	600	T. Fairtlough	15th "
P. Pekin	3900	600	A. Symons	Friday. 25th Sept.
— Nizam	2726	500	W. J. Webber	2nd Oct.

The steamers marked P. proceed direct to London via Malta and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

A steam-barge will leave the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Tons. H.P.	Captains.	On 1885.
KHEDIVE	3900 600	M. de Horne	24th July.
VERONA	3116 600	A. C. Loggin	7th Aug.
TEHERAN	2388 400	W. J. Nantes	21st "
BOKHARA	2941 500	H. Weisholtz	4th Sept.
BRINDISI	3042 550	I. Reeves	18th "

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

G. F. JOHNSON,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, July 16, 1885.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

BRINDISI ROUTE.

THROUGH TICKETS from BOMBAY to LONDON *viâ* Brindisi, including the Continental Railway Fare, are now issued on favorable terms; and return tickets available for three and six months. Tickets can also be obtained which allow passengers to travel 1st class by the steamer and 2nd class by rail from Brindisi to London.

MARSEILLES ROUTE.

STEAMERS leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES and LONDON direct every four weeks (see general advertisement), and the voyage to the former port is accomplished in 19 days in fair weather (21 days during the Monsoon). The Railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about 27 hours.

Fares to London, by the sea route or *viâ* Marseilles, including the Railway Fare across the Continent :—
First Class, Rs. 680. Second Class, Rs. 370.
Coupons for the Railway journey must be taken before leaving India.

Return Tickets are also issued, for particulars of which and all other information on the subject, apply to

G. F. JOHNSON,
Acting Superintendent, P. and O. S. N. Co.
Bombay, March 27, 1885.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY on the 1st of each month at noon, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, starting from GENOA on the 24th of every month for BOMBAY.

FARE to all Ports of Italy and Marseilles, Rs. 500, Rs. 360, Rs. 150, for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine. Infants are allowed free. Children over three and under ten years, half fare. Families will be allowed liberal discount.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

A discount of 35, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed to Passengers returning within three, six, and twelve months, respectively, from the date of LANDING.

The following or other First Class Steamers will leave Bombay :—

	Tons. H.P.	
MANILLA	4,500 800	1st Augt. 1885.
CHINA	5,000 850	1st Sept. "
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000 850	1st Oct. "

Steam Launch leaves Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m. on the day of Sailing, with Passengers and heavy Baggage.

Through Railway Tickets available for 17 days to London *viâ* Calais or Brighton, both from Genoa and Naples, are issued here.

For Handbooks of information and other particulars apply to

DARASHAW SORABJEE,
Acting Agents,
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, July 6, 1885.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS
BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI, AND TRIESTE, *VIÂ* CANAL.

Steamers.	Captains	Tons. H. P.	To sail 1885.
BERENICE	C.B. Vicrona	3,500 550	2nd Aug.
ELEKTHA	G. Mahorcich	4,100 600	2nd Sept.
MEDUSA	R. Ragusin	3,500 550	2nd Oct.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 600	Rs. 300	Rs. 120

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 900	Rs. 450

Above rates include Wines supplied at meals.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 1st and BRINDISI on the 3rd of each month.

The Company's steam launch will be in attendance at the Apollo-bunder on the day of sailing to convey passengers and their luggage to the steamer, free of charge.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

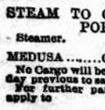
Steamer.	Captain.	Tons. H.P.	To sail 1885.
MEDUSA	G. Ragusin	3,500 550	29th July.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church-gate-street, Bombay.
May 13, 1885.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.



THE following sailings have been arranged :—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

Steamers.	Tons.	Comdrs.	About 1885.
* CLAN MURRAY	2,170	Worfolk	20th July.
" FORBES	2,200	J. A. Guard	30th "
* " MACDONALD	2,700	W. Miller	10th Aug.
" MUNROE	2,200	R. H. Betteley	20th "
" CAMERON	2,200	J. R. Hewley	31st "

* These steamers do not carry passengers.

To be followed by other first-class steamers at regular intervals.

Each steamer carries a properly qualified Surgeon and Stewardess, and Wines can be had on board at moderate prices.

The steamers have excellent accommodation for first-class passengers.

For information as to rates of passage, &c., apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 20th June, 1885.

Rs. 25.—For Rupees Twenty-five we send to any part of India, free of Postage and Packing charges, one of our crystal-faced

CELEBRATED ORIGINAL CAMPAIGN WATCHES.

The Watches are so well known for their decided superiority that we need not further dwell on their merits. Guarantee two years.

FAVRE-LEUBA AND CO.

Beware of Imitations sold under similar names at much cheaper rates. We do not supply these Watches to the trade.

THE FRENCH PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the year ended 30th June last, at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum, will be payable on application on and after the 16th instant, to registered Shareholders on 30th June, 1885.

By order of the Board of Directors.

BOOTH & Co.,
Managers.
Bombay, 15th July, 1885.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS indebted to, or having claims against, the estate of the late Lieutenant B. R. DERING-WILLIAMS, 7th Dragoon Guards, who died at Mhow on 8th July, 1885, are requested to prefer the same to the undersigned, within one month from THIS DATE, after which no claims will be recognized.

DIGBY DU BOULAY, Captain,
7th Dragoon Guards,
President Committee of Adjustment.
Mhow, 16th July, 1885.

INDISPENSABLE TO TRAVELLERS IN INDIA.

THE INDIAN TRAVELLER'S GUIDE,

A MONTHLY PUBLICATION containing time and fare tables of the Railway Companies' Steam-boats and Dak companies, the routes between the principal Indian towns, tables of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill sanitaria, &c. With a new Coloured Map of India, showing every Railway station on the Indian lines. Price eight annas. Postage Free published on the first of every month at the *Bombay Gazette* Office

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE.

S. S. "BURMAH," 1,081 tons, on FRIDAY, 24th July, 1885, at noon.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "SATARA," 1,301 tons, on Monday 20th July at 11 a.m. (unless delayed by non-arrival of outward English Mail.) calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Bahrun, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "ELLORA," 1,970 tons, on SATURDAY, 18th July, at 4 p. m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 17th July, 1885. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER'S MILK PUNCH.

FOR COCK-TAILS AND PICK-ME-UPS.

Per doz. Rs. 24 Cash.

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

BASS'S PALE ALE

bottled by
STONE AND SON
in first-rate condition
Per doz. bots Rs. 5-12.
Per doz. ½ bots Rs. 3-12.

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

FRENCH VERMOUTH
(NOILLY PRAT & CIE.)

Rs. 15, per doz. Cash.

ITALIAN VERMOUTH

Premiata Fabrica di Novello e Fontani, Balzaneto Rs. 17 per doz. Cash.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

DREHER'S VIENNA BEER,
IN SPLENDID CONDITION.

THIS BEER has obtained a world-wide reputation, and is without an equal in the Indian Market.

Per doz. Qts. Rs. 6-4 ; Pts. Rs. 4-2, cash.

SOLE AGENTS
TREACHER AND Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

HEART-WARBLINGS.
A BOOK OF POEMS.
By Mrs. F. deL. TUCKER.
In pale blue and gold, with bevelled boards.
A Pretty Gift Book.

JUST READY. Price, Rs. 3-8. Postage and Packing 4 as. Very tastefully and attractively got up, more than pretty.—A. L. O. E.

A very pretty little volume of songs.—*Bombay Gazette.*
She can be graphic too.—*Times of India.*

Can be had from Messrs. Thacker and Co., Bombay, or from Mrs. Tucker, Temperance Hotel, Bombay.

TENDERS

ARE invited for the supply of STEEL HOOP F' gauge 22; also for GUNNY required for the new Steam Hydraulic Cotton Presses lately erected at Jeypore.

The quantity required will be enough for about 20,000 bales. Tenders should be addressed to the Manager, and the Tenders should be submitted before the 23rd instant, to the EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Jeypore, Rajputana, who does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

In case of a tender being accepted a security of Rs. 1,000 will have to be furnished which will be returned on completion of contract.

THE BHOWNUGGER COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 7, Hummum Street, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd day of July, 1885, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of transacting the following business :—

1st.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Accounts made up to 31st December, 1884.

2nd.—To elect Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.

3rd.—To elect Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.

4th.—To transact any other business that the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

5th.—To authorize the Directors to dispose of the Company's Mills and Presses at such price and in such manner as they may deem advisable.

By Order of the Board,
R. HYDE CHEETHAM & Co.,
Secretaries.
Bombay, 1st July, 1885.

SUTTON'S SEEDS.
FOR 1885 JUST RECEIVED.

AS AGENTS to Messrs Sutton & Sons of Reading we have just received their this season's Seeds in hermetically sealed boxes, which are sold as under,

Vegetable Seeds at Rs. 3-12, 7-8, & 15 each.
Flower " at " 3-12, 5-8, & 7-8 "

CARTER'S SEEDS.

As special agents to Messrs. Carter & Co., of London, we have just received their fresh Seeds in hermetically sealed boxes which are sold, as under.

Vegetable Seeds at Rs. 3-0, 6-8, & 12-8.
Flower " at " 5-0, 7-8, & 10-0.

CONTINENTAL SEEDS.

These having been first tried in our trial grounds are packed and offered with great confidence. They can be had in any quantity from 4 annas and upwards.

BULBS.

Dahlias finest double ..... Rs. 0 11 each.
" single brilliant colors ..... " 0 11 "
American double Tuberoses ..... " 0 3 "

Our descriptive Catalogue of Garden Tools, Lawn Mowers, Garden Pumps, and other Garden sundries can be had post free.

PALEKAR & Co.,
Esplanade Cross-road.
Opposite to St. Xavier's College, Bombay.

HISTORY
OF
THE PARSIS:

INCLUDING

THEIR MANNERS, CUSTOMS, RELIGION, AND PRESENT POSITION.

BY

DOSABHAI FRAMJI KARAKA, C. S. I.

With coloured and other illustrations,

IN TWO VOLUMES.

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Copies can be had at the
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SHAIKADAM ESOOFBHOY AND COMPANY,

REMOVED TO 9, FORBES-STREET, FORT.

ALL kinds of MACHINERY for Cotton, Flour, Sugar, Paper and Oil Mills imported from Europe and a large and varied stock of ENGINES, BOILERS, LATHES, DRILLING MACHINES, CART-WEIGHING MACHINES, COTTON-GINS and OPENERS, ALWAYS KEPT ON HAND.

New ENGINES and BOILERS
NOW in STOCK

Eight horizontal high-pressure Engines with expansion valves from 10 to 25 H.P.

Two Boilers, all steel, 22' and 24' by 5'-9" for 80 and 90 lbs. working pressure respectively.

One Lancashire Boiler, all steel, 26' by 6'-6" for 100 lbs. working pressure.

The following engines are very little used, being in perfectly good condition and nearly new.

One Beam Engine by Sir Wm. Fairburn diam. of cylinder 26" and stroke 5', complete with spur and pinion.

One horizontal Pumping-Engine, can be worked either as condensing or non-condensing, diam. of cylinder 26" and stroke 4'.

Other second-hand Engines and Boilers of various capacity and pressure also in stock.

SOLE AGENTS
FOR
F. REDDAWAY & Co.'s

PATENT CAMEL-HAIR BELTING and EGYPTIAN COTTON-BELTING, both in stock, of different sizes. The Camel-hair Belting, especially for Main Driving, &c., in Cotton Mills and out-door use, is light, very strong, little stretch, fit for high speeds not influenced by heat or steam, will run in water. The Cotton Belting excellent for hot climates. CHEAP and STRONGER than Leather.

HIGHEST AWARD, SILVER MEDAL
CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1884.
Sales to date over 3,500,000 feet.
ALSO SOLE AGENTS
FOR
THE UNITED ASBESTOS COMPANY, LIMITED
THE STANLEY REECE PATENT ICE-MAKING AND REFRIGERATING MACHINES,
JOHN GILLIS'S LEATHER BELTING,
CHEAPEST in the MARKET. Samples may be seen to application.

NOTICES.

BOMBAY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
(Limited.)
CAPITAL Rs. 15,00,000.

INSURANCE against FIRE effected in any part of India on the most favourable terms. Special advantages offered to insurers in the Island of Bombay. Up-country agents wanted.

C. H. B. FORBES & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers, Bombay.

MERRYWEATHER & SONS.

FIRE ENGINES, Fire Escapes, Hoses, and appliances of all kinds for extinguishing Fires. Apply to

C. H. B. FORBES & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that HIS HIGHNESS AGA ALI SHAH has APPOINTED Mr. THARIABHOY TOPAN as his Agent for the management and collection of rents of all his properties situate in Bombay.

KURRIM KHAN,
Private Secretary to H. H. Aga Ali Shah.
Bombay, 10th July, 1885.

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.
ESTABLISHED 1782.

POLICIES covering risks on Merchandise Buildings, Spinning Mills, Cotton and Jute Presses, Shops, Bungalows, Household Furniture, Hotels and Clubs, both in Bombay and in the Mofussil, granted at ruling tariff rates.

JOHN CAMPBELL & Co.,
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ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

ADVANCES made on approved Personal Security at moderate interest, repayable by convenient instalments in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office

Fixed Deposits received to a limited extent on the following terms :—

5 per cent per annum subject to { 18 months, 12 ", 9 ", 6 " } notice of withdrawal.

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D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Managing Director.
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BOMBAY GAZETTE BUDGET, published every Tuesday, specially prepared for Indian subscribers with 8 pages Supplement of English news in addition to 24 pages of Indian matter. Rates, Rs. 12 per year for Indian subscribers, post free ; and Rs. 17, including postage, for the United Kingdom.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published weekly on the departure of English mail. 24 pages of the *Pall Mall Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged ; Army Orders, &c. Indian subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English subscription Rs. 17 per year, including postage.

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PRICE CURRENT.—Published once a week, contains shipping arrivals, departures, exports, imports, and other commercial news. Supscription, Re. 12 per year.

GENUINE WHIKY.

THE following complete analysis of our celebrated GLENLIVET SCOTCH WHISKY has been just received ; it emphatically confirms and places beyond a doubt all that has been said respecting the genuineness, purity, and quality of our well-known brand ; *the fact of our Whisky being free from Sherry*, etc., should be specially noted, as at the present time this adulteration is extremely prevalent.

From DR. WALLACE,
Public Analyst to the City of Glasgow.
City Analyst's Laboratory, Glasgow, February 1885.

I have made a careful chemical analysis and examination of a sample of Glenlivet Scotch Whisky, received on the 30th ult., from Messrs. Treacher and Co., Bombay, and have found it to be a pure Scotch Whisky, of excellent flavour, sufficiently matured, *and perfectly free from Sherry Wine and other additions*, which are frequently made to Whisky, in order to give it a fictitious appearance of age or to conceal inferiority of quality.

WILLIAM WALLACE.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY.

THOMSON and TAYLOR'S blend of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON AND ISLAY rank amongst the finest of Whiskies imported into this country. It is a rich, mellow and soft spirit genuine and wholesome. A trial is solicited from all who appreciate

A REALLY GOOD SOUND WHISKEY PEG.

Shipments arrive regularly direct from Scotland, so that Clubs and Messes can be promptly supplied. Price per dozen, Rs. 23 ; per bottle, Rs. 2, cash.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD,
BOMBAY.

COGNACS AND COGNACS.

We quote for our own selected BRANDS as follows and invite comparison in qualities and prices :—

Cash 12½ per cent. discount.		Credit. Rs.	a.
39	6	Old Club "20 years old" guaranteed	45	0
31	8	White Capsule **** very choice	36	0
28	14	Green Capsule *** extra soft old pale	33	0
25	6	Blue Capsule ** very soft old pale	29	0
22	5	Yellow Capsule * soft old pale	25	8
18	0	Jules Lennox & Co., a good peg brandy	20	8

BODGER, WARBURTON & CO.,
MILITARY SQUARE.

CUTLER PALMER & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
INVALID'S PORT WINE
RECOMMENDED BY MEDICAL MEN.

Price Rs. 26 Net per dozen Quarts.

THIS WINE HAS NOW MANY IMITATIONS.

See that our Brand is on the Cork, Capsules and Labels.

GLENLIVET WHISKY
REGISTERED TRADE MARK—
"GLENLIVET"

GEORGE and JOHN GORDON SMITH, of THE GLENLIVET DISTILLERY, beg to intimate the GLENLIVET" is a district which belongs exclusively to His Grace the Duke of Richmond and Gordon and that their Distillery was the *first* and s now the *only* licensed Distillery in Glenlivet, and they espectfully caution the trade and the pub i against parties offering other whiskies as "GLENLIVET."

"ANDREW USHER & CO.'S OLD VATTED GLENLIVET WHISKY"

The Registered Trade Mark of Messrs. Andrew Usher & Co., Edinburgh), obtained a GOLD MEDAL and FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATE at the CALCUTTA EXHIBITION. It is a blend of the above and other Whiskies.

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CUTLER PALMER & CO.

HOME!! HOME!!!
SPECIAL LIST OF REQUISITES.
FOR THE VOYAGE.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Gent's Overcoats and Ulsters	Rs. 45 to 50 0	Ladies' Dressing Gowns	each 15 0
Gent's Deck Suits	each 10 0	Ladies' Bonnet Boxes	Rs. 8-4 to 11 8
Gent's Dressing Gowns	" 10 to 25 0	Ladies' Straw Hats trimmed	" 8 0
Gent's Deck Shoes	Rs. 4-8 to 10 0	Ladies' warm Stockings	pair 2 4
Chairs, strong and light	Rs. 8 to 12 0	Marine Soap per tablet	" 0 8
White Shirts	½ doz. Rs. 22 to 30 0	Sun Umbrellas	each 4 8
Cambric Shirts	½ doz. 30 0	The Victoria Wrapper	each 16 4
Oxford Shirts	½ doz. 33 0	Rugs and Mauds	Rs. 13-8 to 33 0
Flannel Shirts	each 8 8	Gent's Undervests	each 2 0
Celluloid Collars	each 0 12	Gent's Seamless Socks	doz. 3 0
Soiled Linen Bags	Rs. 5 to 6 0	Pocket Handkerchieves	doz. 5 0
Overland Trunks	" 22 0	Rug Straps	Rs. 1-4 to 7 8
Leather Portmanteaux	Rs. 15 to 21 0	Cambric Ties	doz. 3 8
Hold-alls, specially useful	Rs. 17 to 20 0	Money Belts	each 2 8

Suits, Ulsters, Overcoats, &c., made to measure at a few hours' notice.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO., LD.,
BOMBAY POONA & SECUNDERABAD.

THE GREAT WESTERN HOTEL
FORT, BOMBAY.

THEIR ROYAL HIGHNESSES PRINCE OSCAR AND PRINCE CHARLES OF SWEDEN AND NORWAY have found the Great Western Hotel very comfortable and the food good.
ADELBORG.

From Sir COMER PATHERAM.
I have found the Great Western Hotel comfortable during my stay here.
From Sir H. BURKE.
Stayed at Great Western Hotel five days, and found it comfortable, and every one civil and obliging.
Captain and Mrs. GARDINER have been quite satisfied.
From Sir JOHN CAMPBELL, Baronet.
I have stayed in this Hotel with two Ladies for nearly a month. It is a very good Hotel, and I am very well satisfied.
From the Hon'ble R. P. BRUCE, M. P.
Having stayed in the Great Western Hotel for three days, I have found it comfortable.
From Mr. J. R. BUCHANAN, M. P.
I have found the Great Western Hotel clean and comfortable, and the Manager attentive.
From the Hon'ble Mr. H. A. LAWRENCE, 17th Lancers.
I have stayed in the Great Western Hotel for four days, and have no hesitation in saying that it is by far the best Hotel I have been in Bombay. The food is good, and the rooms are clean.

PHILLIPS & COMPANY, LD.
STORES DEPARTMENT.

ALL Articles GUARANTEED FRESH from the Preservers, and we assert our Stock to be Equal, if not SUPERIOR, to that of any other House in Bombay or the whole of India.

OUR PRICES are for Goods from the best English, American, and Continental Firms, QUALITY has been the first consideration, whilst being large buyers we have obtained special terms from Preservers of which we give our Customers the full benefit, our rates for all articles, therefore will be found EXTREMELY MODERATE and in many cases below those of other Dealers.

Reference can be made to a great number of Officers, and other Messes.

PHILLIPS & COMPANY, LD.,
PROVISION AND WINE MERCHANTS,
Proprietors of the celebrated Ferrintosh Whisky.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SPECIALITIES IN LAWN-TENNIS.

Ayer's Cedar Champion Bats	Rs. 12-8 each.
Ayer's Cork Champion Bats	" 12-8 "
Ayer's Cedar Handle Bats	" 11-0 "
Jaques Champion Bats	" 10-0 "
Jaques Cork Handle Globe Bats	" 11-0 "
Jaques Polished Handle Globe Bats	" 10-0 "
Jaques Cedar Handle Globe Bats	" 8-0 "
Jaques Lawn-Tennis Nets	Rs. 5-0 to 8-0 "
Jaques Lawn-Tennis covered Balls Regulation Size	Rs. 8 per dozen.
Lawn-Tennis Sets complete in Dealwood Cases	from Rs. 22-0 to 30-0 each.
Lawn-Tennis Presses	5-0 to 10-0
Lawn-Tennis Shoes	5-0 to 7-0 per pair

BOLTON AND COMPANY,
ESPLANADE ROAD.

DUNNETT & CO.,
CIVIL & MILITARY BOOT-MAKERS.

WATERPROOF "K" BOOTS (Heavy) Rs. 22-8 Per Pair.
WATERPROOF "K" BOOTS (Medium) Rs. 20 Per Pair.
WATERPROOF "K" BOOTS (Light) Rs. 18 Per Pair.
WATERPROOF COMPOSITION for the above.

Regulation Boots of every description made to order.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of Lace and Buttoned Boots and Shoes for walking, etc. Patent-Leather Dress-Boots, Pumps, Lawn-Tennis Shoes, etc., etc., etc.

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

BOMBAY.

INDIAN TEAS.

Messrs. STIRLING AND CULBARD, KANGRA VALLEY.

THE increased demand all over India for these Teas is a sufficient guarantee of their excellence. The price being ridiculously low for the quality, gives the opportunity for every poor man to enjoy his cup of Tea.

The aroma and strength of the Teas is not to be compared.

	Rs.	a.
HOUSEHOLD MIXTURE (green packet) per lb.	0	13
PEKOE SOUCHONG (white packet) "	1	0
FINEST ORANGE PEKOE (red packet) "	1	8
ESSAI'S OWN MIXTURE of pure Indian and China Teas "	1	4

W. J. ESSAI,

BOMBAY PURVEYING AND GENERAL PROVISION CASH STORES.
FORBES STREET, Fort, Bombay.
BRANCHES—Cumballa Hill and Market.
TERMS—Strictly Ready Money.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

Is the only Patent Medicine of the kind or name awarded Certificate of Merit at the Calcutta International Exhibition, 1883-4 ; and the only Trade Mark—" PHOSPHODYNE"—Registered and Protected under the Trade Marks Acts, 38 & 39, Vic., 91. Certified by the Registrar of Trade Marks, London.

HEALTH, STRENGTH, AND ENERGY.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE.

The ONLY SAFE, RELIABLE, PHOSPHORIC REMEDY ever discovered for the Permanent Cure of Brain Wreckage, Paralysis, Impotence of Mind or Limb, Sleeplessness, Harrassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, dependent upon the Deficiency of the Vital Forces. It

Cures Dyspepsia, Brain and Nerve Disease.
Cures Kidney and Liver Complaints.
Cures all Disorders of the Blood.
Cures Depression and Loss of Appetite.
Cures Nervousness and General Debility.
Checks all Wasting of the Vital Forces.
From whatever Cause arising.

The effect of this Remedy in Nervous Debility and its Kindred Evils is immediate, all the Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is REALLY MARVELLOUS.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE, whilst pleasant to the taste and agreeable to the stomach, never fails to Purify and Enrich the Blood, and thoroughly invigorate the Brain, Nerves and Muscles. Its energising effects are shown from the first day of its administration by a remarkable increase of Nervous and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort to which the patient has long been unaccustomed. Digestion is invigorated. The appetite increases wonderfully. The bowels become regular. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The face becomes fuller, the lips red, the eyes brighter, the skin clear and healthy, and the hair acquires strength showing the importance of its action on the organs of nutrition.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE.

The unequalled Curative properties of this Preparation has spread its fame throughout every Nation and Country in the World as the only medicine of real efficacy for Renovating Broken-down Constitutions, Restoring the fullest and most vigorous conditions of robust manhood under every circumstance, and at every age, by nourishing, fertilising, and developing all the powers of every necessary part of the human organization, thus ensuring a sound and permanent restoration of the impaired organs wherever a deficiency of natural vigour has for years existed.

OVER TWENTY YEARS' CRUCIAL TEST, and Thousands of unimpeachable Testimonials from all parts of the world, and from the highest Medical Authorities, prove conclusively the Verdict Universal that in the World of scientific research no other Phosphoric Preparation has received such exalted praise and distinguished recognition.

The En

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOWGILL'S SURPRISE PARTY

Will appear at the

GAIETY THEATRE, BOMBAY,

ON TUESDAY AND THURSDAY,

21st and 23rd of July, 1885.

THE undersigned have stock of Messrs. MAPPIN WEBB'S celebrated TABLE ELECTRO-PLATE, SHEFFIELD RAZORS, &c., CUTLERY, which they are prepared to sell in small lots to suit customers from 5 to 10 per cent. under prices asked by retail houses selling the same class of goods.

Messrs. RICHARD LE MARE & Co.,
No. 7, Hummum-street.

ALL PERSONS having claims against or being indebted to the Estate of the late Captain D. S. MACKENZIE, 2nd Regiment, Sind Horse, who died at Karachee on the 6th July, 1885, are requested to submit the same to the undersigned within one month from this date, after which no claims will be admitted.

M. M. CARPENDALE, Lieutenant-Colonel,
President Committee of Adjustment.

Jacobabad, Upper Sind, 10th July, 1885.

THE S. S. "SELEMBRIA" has arrived from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL and is discharging in the Prince's Dock.

Consignees are requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our countersignature and to take delivery of their goods without delay.

All claims should be presented to the Captain of the steamer, by whom all such are payable before sailing of the steamer; otherwise they will not be entertained by him.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents inward for s.s. Selembria.

Bombay, 17th July, 1885.

S. S. "RYDAL HALL" ARRIVED 17TH JULY, 1885.

CONSIGNEES are requested to TAKE DELIVERY of their cargo from the Prince's Dock.

Chaled or ice packages must be surveyed before removal from the landing-shed. The undersigned decline to survey goods removed to the unclaimed warehouse.

Lifts exceeding 70 cwts will be delivered into consignees' boats and if not alongside in time, will be landed or placed in boats at steamer's option at their risk and expense.

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents

Esplanade Circle, Bombay, 17th July, 1885.

NOTICE is hereby given that PARSI HORMUSJI ADARJEE HANGOTIA, lately a bill collector in the service of the firm of NENSOOK MULTANCHAND, Shroffs of Bombay, carrying on business at Kalbadevi, has been DISMISSED from the service of the said Nensook Multanchand, and that he has no authority to receive or collect any moneys on behalf of the said firm, or otherwise to act on behalf of the said firm. All persons having dealings with the said firm are hereby warned that the said firm will not be responsible for any acts of the said Parsi Hormusji Adarjee Hangotia, and that if they deal with him on behalf of the said firm, they will do so at their own risk.—Dated this 17th day of July, 1885.

JEFFERSON, BHAISHUNKER & DINSHA,
Solicitors for Nensook Multanchand.

JUST RECEIVED, a large consignment of following monsoon articles:—

Water-proof suits (Black and White) generally used by the Railway Companies at Rs. 10 a suit. Water-proof boot with warm lining for carriages and horses at Rs. 8 and 10. Coachman's broadcloth rain coat with turban cover at Rs. 6. Tweed coat and trouser at Rs. 10-12-14-16-18. Tweed cap to match at Rs. 2. Foot Ball Guard, socks and caps (any colour and size) Rs. 6 a set. Seal skin hats with flap from Rs. 6 to 10. Tweed hat at Rs. 2 and 2½. White Linen Table cloth 6/4 in. broad Re. 1 a yard. Ivory handle silk Umbrella Rs. 10. White water-proof cloth 60 in. broad Rs. 1 a yard. Railway Rug Rs. 12. These articles are sold on agent's account and risk.

ESSUBJEE ADUMJEE,
Meadow-street, Fort, Bombay.

CORK-DRAWING MADE EASY.

THE NEW POCKET LEVER CORKSCREW

The most handy and easily used Cork-drawer ever invented, all nickel-plated,

Rs. 2-8, each.

PHILLIPS AND COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE EMPRESS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Empress Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on MONDAY, the 3rd August next, at four o'clock, to transact the following business:—

1st. To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts made up to the 31st December, 1884, and 30th June, 1885.

2nd. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.

3rd. To elect Directors for the ensuing year in place of the Directors who retire, but who are eligible for re-election, and to confirm the appointments of Messrs Gilbert and Honeyger, who joined the Board in place of Messrs. Payne and Spinner.

4th. To elect an Auditor for the ensuing year, and to fix his remuneration.

And Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books will be CLOSED from the 22nd instant to the 3rd proximo, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.

Bombay, 11th July, 1885.

THE LEOPOLD SPINNING, BLEACHING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FOURTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 1, Forbes-street, on MONDAY, August 3rd, 1885, at half-past four o'clock, to transact the following business:—

1st. To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts made up to the 31st December, 1884, and 30th June, 1885.

2nd. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.

3rd. To elect a Director in place of the one retiring, who is eligible for re-election and to confirm the appointments of Messrs Gilbert and Honegger who joined the Board in place of Messrs. Payne and Spinner.

4th. To elect an Auditor for the ensuing year, and to fix his remuneration.

And Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books will be CLOSED from the 22nd instant to the 3rd proximo, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers, and Agents.

Bombay, 11th July, 1885.

THE JAMES GREAVES MILLS COMPANY,

NOTICE is hereby given that the THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the James Greaves Mills Company, Limited, will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 7, Forbes Street, on MONDAY, the 3rd August next, at 3-30 p.m. to transact the following business:—

1st. To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts made up to the 30th June, 1885.

2nd. To elect Directors for the ensuing year in place of the Directors who retire, but who are eligible for re-election, and to approve of the appointment of Mr. Gilbert who joined the Board in place of Mr. Payne.

3rd. To elect an Auditor for the ensuing year, and to fix his remuneration.

And Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books will be CLOSED from the 22nd instant to the 3rd proximo, both days inclusive.

And Notice is also hereby given that immediately after the Ordinary General Meeting an Extraordinary General Meeting will be held to pass the following special Resolution:—

That Article 127 in the Articles of Association of the Company be altered by inserting between the words "their Shares" and "but no Dividend" the words "but in case all the Shares have not been paid up in full then in proportion to the amount paid up and the periods for which the same have been paid."

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.
Secretaries and Managers.

NEW BOOKS—TERMS CASH.

	Rs. a.
Zola's Nana (English) Cheap Edition	1 4
The Assommoir (the Prelude to Nana)	1 4
John Bull's Womankind	1 4
John Bull and his Island	1 4
John Bull's Neighbour in her true light	1 0
John Bull to Max O'Rell (in Reply to John Bull and his Island)	0 8
Called Back, by Hugh Conway	0 8
Brown-Eyes, by May Crommelin	0 8
Stop It! a handy Monitor and Pocket Conscience	0 4
Discriminate: a companion to "Dont"	0 4
Always: a Manual of Etiquette	0 4
Ingolish as she is Spelt	0 4
Byron's Don Juan	0 4
Sheridan's Plays	0 4
Secret History of the Court of England by Lady Hamilton	0 8
The Russians at the gates of Herat: by Chas. Marvin	0 8
Found Out: by Helen Mathers	0 8
Tinted Vapours: a Nemesis, by J. M. Cobban	0 8
Rootless Baby, a story of the Scarlet Lancers	0 8
Warren's Ten thousand a year, cheap edition	0 8
The Diary of a Late Physician	0 8
Academy Sketches 1885	0 4
Life of General Gordon	0 4
From Log Cabin to White House	0 4
The Pioneer Boy and how he became President	2 12
Emile Guborian's Sensational Novels (English) each vol.	0 8

In Peril of his Life.	The Gilded Clique.
Lecoq, the Detective 2 vols.	The Slaves of Paris, 2 vols.
Other People's Money.	The Mystery of Orcival.
Theatre, No. 113.	The Little Old Man of Batignolles.
The Count's Millions, 2 vols.	
Intrigues of a Poisoner.	The old age of Lecoq, the
The Catastrophe, 2 vols.	Detective, 2 vols.
The Lerouge Case.	

Brewer's Dictionary of Miracles	3 12
Mahomet and Islam, a sketch of the Prophet's Life: by Sir W. Muir	2 4
M. William's Religious Thought and Life in India	9 0
Lyall's Asiatic Studies	6 0
Murrell's what to do in case of poisoning	1 12
Teesswill's Diseases of the Eye	8 0
Bloxam's Chemistry	10 8
Morris's The Book of Health	10 8
Murphy's our homes and how to make them healthy.	10 8
Roberts's Practice of Medicine 1883	12 8
Flint's Principles and Practice of Medicine 1884	12 8
Goodhart's Diseases o' Children 1885	10 0
Burnett's Treatise on the Ear 1884	
Playfair's Science and Practice of Midwifery 2 vols 1884	14 0
Roosa's Treatise on the Diseases of the Ear 1885	13 8
E. Smith's Diseases of Children 1884	12 4
Barti olow's Materia Medica and Therapeutics 1885	2 4
Nature's Diseases 1885	3 0
Ruddock's Homœopathic Vade-Mecum	13 8
Thomas's Diseases of Women	13 8
The Brewer, Distiller and Wine Manufacturer	3 4
Spon's Mechanics Own Book	0 8
Reynold's Kenneth 2 Parts	
Dicks' English Library of Standard Works containing 7 complete Novels. Vol. I	0 12
Do. do. do. 5 complete Novels Vol. II.	0 12
Do. do. do. 7 complete Novels Vol. III.	0 12

RAMCHANDRA GOVIND,
Manager to Radhabai, widow of the late Atmaram Sagoon.

Bombay, 17th July, 1885.
No. 135, Kalbadevi Road.

NOTES ON INDIAN LAND REVENUE.

A PLEA FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY

BY

TODAR MAL.

Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

Price Re. 1. Postage half anna.

WELLS' "ROUGH ON CORNS."

Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." Quick relief complete, permanent cure. Corns, warts, bunions. Cooper, Madan & Co., Bombay, Sole Agents.

SALES BY AUCTION.

JOHN AND COMPANY,
No. 3, APOLLO-STREET.

The Auction Sale of Furniture, &c., advertised to take place at Girgaum Back Road, opposite Sir Mangaldas Nathoobhoy's bungalow, on SUNDAY, the 19th instant, has been postponed for a week.

JOHN & CO.

Bombay, 18th July, 1885.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & COMPANY,
41, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE OF A FURTHER LOT OF AUSTRIAN GENUINE BENTWOOD CHAIRS

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 18th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their room No. 41, Meadow-street—

A consignment of Austrian genuine bentwood office, drawing, dining, bedroom, rocking and children's chairs of various designs, strong, durable, light and elegant and easily unfixed for travelling.

The above chairs will be put up 1 or ½ dozen at a time to suit private gentlemen.

Also an invoice of iron safe one door cupboard design.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

Bombay, 18th July, 1885.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY,
No. 4, FORBES AND MEADOW-STREETS.

SALE OF OFFICE FURNITURE, IRON SAFES, SAMPLES' BALING PRESS, BOOKS, SHIGRAM, HORSE, &c., &c.

Under instructions from C. A. Turner, Esq., Official Assignee, H. C., and in re John Andrew Cassels, who lately traded in partnership with Clement Pool, under the name, style, and firm of Peel, Cassels & Co., as General Merchants and Commision Agents, insolvents, the undersigned will sell by Public Auction, at No. 24, Apollo-street, Fort, THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 18th instant, at 2 p.m., following:—Large iron treasury safes, (Chubb's) iron T. chest, copying presses, samples' baling press, letter scale, shroff's beam, scale, clock, round office and writing tables, writing desks with shelves, bookstands, writing materials, law and reference books, sample drawers and tabics, benches, office and arm chairs, teak counter, stationery cupbo rds, pigeon holes, samples of yarn and cotton, boxes, screen, sideboard, cheparts couch, washhand table, China matting, hanging punkah, table candlesticks, newspapers, &c.

Also at 1 p.m., in the above matter at our sale rooms, 1 palanquin office shigram, horse, &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 18th July, 1885.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

SINGER'S POPULAR SEWING-MACHINES have won Prize Medals at all the principal Exhibitions in the world, but what is of far more value is the Golden Opinions won from millions in all quarters of the globe. For cash or on hire. 5, Church-gate-street, Bombay.

FLOUR MILLS and GRAM CRUSHERS for hand-power, of various sizes and capacity, simple, strong and durable. Hack. GREYER & Co., Hornby-row, Bombay.

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION.—LADIES' JEWEL BOXES, COMPANIONS' TOILET CASES, PURSES, HAND BAGS, &c. From Rs. 3 to 50.—BARTON, & Co., Limited, Bombay & Poona.

WATERPROOF COATS.—Excellent quality, seldom seen, at Rs. 12 each.—At STEWARD & Co., No. 2, Church-gate-street.

FOR SALE, an almost new, unused copy of Algers 100,000 word TELEGRAPH CODE, price Rs. 50. Apply "R. W.," care of this paper.

JUST RECEIVED, Spirit Stoves for warming children's milk, &c., with spare wicks complete from Rs. 1-11. Kerosine stove from 4-1.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

AUCTION SALE of Austrian Bentwood Chairs will take place to-day, at 1 p.m., at SORABJEE COWASJI & Co.'s Auction-room, 41, Meadows-street.

AUCTION SALE of Mr. J. Whitehead's household furniture, English-built victoria pony cart, mares, &c., on the Parell Road opposite Mr. Walker's Bungalow, to-day at 1 p.m.

WANTED AT ONCE, A EUROPEAN STEWARD for the Bombay Club; with previous experience in a Club or Regimental Mess preferred. Salary Rs. 30 per mensem with free board and quarters. Apply to the Honorary Secretary.

CARPETS.—Best Brussels and Velvet pile of choice patterns.—JOHN ROBERTS & Co.

DOLMANS, CHILDREN'S ROBES, etc.—Mrs. COULSON, Milliner and Dress-maker, Carnac-road, near Crawford Market.

JUST RECEIVED, a small supply of Ladies Gold Alberts, latest fashion, from Rs. 70 to Rs. 150.—FRICANDES & Co., Chemists, Bombay.

THE VELOCIPEDE, its history, and how to use it; by A. DAMES, Agent to the French Velocipede Co. Price, annas 8; postage free.

THE RAM BAGH TEA ESTATE, *via* Saharunpure N. W. P. Flavoury tea always in stock. Terms favourable. Sample free on application.

VICTORIA and VICTORIA FAMILY HOTEL, No. 1 Esplanade, next to Gymkhana, and opposite to the Parade Ground. Nice, airy, comfortable rooms.

COME ONE, COME ALL—Try our Waterproof Suits Rs. 6 to 8.12 Net Cash.—Y. A. LACKA & Co., Civil, Military and Naval Tailors and General Contractors.

HAM, BACON, CHEESE, Pickled Cabbage, Onions, Chow Chow, Mixed pickles, &c., in large jars, also in ordinary bottles.—PEARSE, Apollo-street.

IF you wish to have a real good time keeper fully worth the money you spend, go to KANN & Co., Watchmakers, Goldsmiths, 9, Meadow-street, Bombay.

FOR SALE 150° and 125° Fire-test KEROSINE OIL of Arnold Hines Co. Brands. Apply to Tharia Topan or Godown-keeper at Masagon.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1885. Price, Re. 5, with postage Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE in first-rate condition. Birkett's selection, as originally supplied to the Bombay Clubs.—Importers, PHIPSON AND CO.

THE MONSOON! THE MONSOON!—Waterproofs, Waterproofs, Waterproofs. Our new stock, just arrived, Cheap rates.—JOHN MAHOMED, 16, Meadow-street.

10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.—Chas. Lancaster's 1 barrel B. L. PISTOLS at Rs. 70. REVOLVERS Rs. 35, 12, 10, 50. Apply N. V. CURRANEE & Co., Agents.

LUNCHEON BASKETS, complete with all necessary fittings; for two, Rs. 18 and Rs. 15 each; for one, Rs. 10 each.

J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

ACT of PARLIAMENT constituting the HIGH COURT of BOMBAY, with the Queen's Letters Patent and other documents relating to the same. Price, Rs. 3; postage, 1 anna.

FOR SALE, Portable Engines by Clayton and Shuttle worth; Horizontal and Vertical Engines, Boilers and Steam Hoists by Shanks and Hunt. From 4 to 20 H.P. Richardson & Cruddas, Bombay Metal Mart.

INFANT'S CLOTHING of every description just arrived Hats, Bonnets, Robes, Pelisses, Pinafores, Wool Boots, &c. A large and choice assortment.—Badnam, Pile & Co., Limited, Rampart-row, Bombay.

PRINTED FLOOR CLOTHS (FARASH).—The Muir Mills Company, Limited, Cawnpore, have a stock of the above in a variety of patterns. Samples and prices on application to the Manager and Secretary.

WANTED, an appointment in a native State by a Parsee Medical Graduate, L. R. C. S., of Edinburgh, and L. R. C. P. of London. Has 7 years experience in a Native State. Apply A. B., care of this office.

FOR SALE—Dr. Nolan's Victoria and pair, Rs. 1,500 Photographic apparatus with chemical complete Rs. 400. Lady's and Gentlemen's Saddle and Bridle, Rs. 60 Address Dr. Nolan, Colaba, Bombay. No Agents.

FOR SALE.—Price, Rs. 650, a roomy English-built Victoria in very good condition, a set of English-made double harness. Price, Rs. 200, or Rs. 800 for the two together.—All the above are by first-class London makers.—Apply H. S. Sy ons, Cumballa Hill.

FIVE hundred thousand pounds was paid last year under STANDARD LIFE Policies in respect of DEATH claims. The accumulated Fund amounts to Six Millions Sterling, invested only in unexceptionable securities, and the Revenue is £500,000 per annum.

RHINE WINE FOR SALE consisting of Niersteiner at Rs. 15 per dozen. Hochheimer at Rs. 18 per dozen. Rhasenthaler at Rs. 30 per dozen. Also Braueral Paulshohi Beer at Rs. 5-4 bottle and Rs. 3-4 per dozen pint and Angostura Bitters by Co. A. Siezert at Rs. 18 per dozen pint. Apply to the United Merchants Company, Limited.

LADIES' FANS, ALBUMS, large and small sizes, from Rs. 45 to Rs. 4-8-0 each.—PEARSE, Apollo-street.

ENGLISH-BUILT CARRIAGES FOR SALE.

A NICE SHAPED fashionable LANDAULETTE, a cee spring canoe shape PHAETON, Derby VICTORIA, canoe shape PHAETON, Stanhope PHAETON, and many other VICTORIAS for sale.

MANOCKJEE COWASJEE,
Coachbuilder.

50, Kalbadevi-road, opposite Post Office.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY.
(SOCIETE L'ECLAIRAGE ELECTRIQUE, PARIS.)
PAID-UP CAPITAL, FCS. 6,500,000.
OUR PRICES DEFY ALL COMPETITION.
HIGHEST REWARDS AT ALL THE EXHIBITIONS.

ELECTRIC MACHINES for 10 Incandescent Lamps...Rs. 350
Do. for 6 arc lights 2,000 Candles, each ,, 1,200
Do. 10 do. 600 do. ,, 1,200

SWAN'S AND OTHER INCANDESCENT LAMPS.
OUR PATENT WICK CARBONS give the steadiest light.
JABLOCHKOFF CANDLES improved-make.
INSULATED CABLES, GLOBES and other accessories.

NOTE:—OUR MACHINES work with LOW TENSION currents and do not present the dangers of other systems.

F. FISCHER,
Agent and General Manager for India.
41, Meadow-street.

DON'T DIE IN THE HOUSE.

"ROUGH ON RATS" clears out Rats, Mice, Beetles, Roaches, Flies, Ants, Insects, Moles, Chipmunks, Gophers, Co a & Co. Bombay, Sole Agents.

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Agents to W. H. HARTON & Co., Calcutta.
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PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9, HAMAM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

C. STEPHENS & SONS,
(SUCCESSORS TO COLLETT & Co.,
COACH & CARRIAGE BUILDERS,
ESTABLISHED 1796.
GIRGAUM COACH WORKS,
179, BREACH CANDY ROAD,
BOMBAY.

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KEATING'S INSECT POWDRE.

BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, and all other Insects are destroyed by Keating's Insect Powder which is quite harmless to domestic Animals. In exterminating Beetles the success of this Powder is extraordinary, and no one need be troubled by those pests. It is perfectly clean in application. Ask for, and take no other than, "Keating's Powder," as imitations are noxious, and fail in giving satisfaction. Sold by all Chmists in small bottles.

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VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES; Re. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. ; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 30 per month, including horse-keeper, Commission on Horses bought and sold Re. 37. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horse broken to single and double harness, in the parks single Rs. 15, double Rs. 30. The Horse Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical shoeing Farrier and every class of simple work.

FOR SALE, MESSRS. CURTIS'S and HARVEY'S GUN-POWDER, &c.

Loose Blasting Powder in kegs of 25 lbs. per keg.

Do	F F	do.	do.
Do.	F	do.	do.
Do.	F F F	do.	do.
Do.	F G	do.	do.
lb. tins		cases of 25 lbs.	per doz. bl.
Do.	F F	do.	do.
Do.	F F F	do.	do.
lb. tins	F	do.	do.
Do.	F F	do.	do.
Do.	F F F	do.	do.
Do.	A W I American	do.	do.
Do.	U S Rifle	do.	do.
Do.	No. 6 Canniste	do.	per case.

HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM & Co.,
Apollo-street, May 12, 1881. Agents.

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HAVE in stock, at present under the way out,
6 & 8 H.P. HORIZONTAL PISTON ENGINES,
6, 8, 10 & 12 H.P. PORTABLE ENGINES,
PORTABLE RAILWAY, 16lbs. STEEL RAILS, with BLEKPERS, &c., complete.
ALL ROUND TIPPING WAGGONS, 30 inch. gauge.
PICKAXES, HOES, and PLATELAYERS' BEATERS of highest quality.
STEEL & FILES, by THOS. JOWITT & SONS.
METALLIC FIRE-ENGINES for 16 men.
DOUBLE BARRELL FIRE & FORCE PUMPS.
CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS 3, 4, 6 and 8 inch.
MANILA HEMP-COVERED BESSEMER STEEL WIRE ROPE.
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CALVERT'S 125 CHLORINE DISINFECTING POWDER
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HORSE-SHOE NAILS, of best Charcoal Swedish Iron.

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WE beg to inform the public of this Presidency, that we have been APPOINTED SOLE AGENTS for India for the world renown

KROPFF ICE AND COOLING MACHINES

and are fully prepared to enter into Contracts with responsible parties for supplying them with

ONE TO TEN TONS PER DAY.

Machines, which we erect complete and deliver in working order.

We have every confidence in recommending these machines over those of other makers, we have erected a 2½ tons Machine here, near Grant-road Rail-road Station, for the purpose of proving by absolute facts, to intending purchasers of Ice Machines, their superiority, economy and simplicity in working and the PURITY of the CRYSTAL ICE.

For information please apply to

MARTIN COHEN Co.
Sole Agents for India.
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DR. DE ROOS'
CONCENTRATED GUTTÆ VITÆ OR VEGETABLE LIFE DROPS.

THE alchemists of old spent years in endeavouring to find out the means of transmuting the baser metals into gold, but in vain. It was, however, reserved for a physician of the 19th Century to make a far more valuable discovery in occult science—the result of deep research into the arcana of Nature's mysteries—which is fully offered to the world; and the pleasing results of a quarter of a century, during which time this wonderful medicine has been tried in every quarter of the globe, have more than realized the most sanguine of the Inventor's hopes. Thousands of voluntary testimonials from grateful patients, testify to the fact that from this remarkable tonic alone the most shattered constitutions in numbers of debilitated individuals; and it is not too much to say that hundreds of persons are at the present day in full enjoyment of health and strength, who but for its timely aid would be dragging out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends.

This great life-reviving medicine gives vitality and strength alike to the most shattered constitutions; not only strengthens the system but purifies the blood, and promotes a healthy circulation of the fluids, thus imparting strength and tone to the nerves, enlivening and invigorating both body and mind. It greatly improves the appetite and restores the digestive powers, whilst for dyspeptic habits and constipation (a long residence in hot climates) neither can long resist its assuredly curative effects; those who suffer from langour and relaxation, as also all persons going to the East or West Indies, should provide themselves with this important article of health.

Youth and age equally participate in the miraculous effects of this wondrous medicine, for whether the body be debilitated in early life, or sinking under the advance of years, a few doses will speedily afford assurance of returning health, by giving tone to the muscular and nervous systems, and invigorating the organs of digestion, renovating the whole constitution. To the young it affords health, strength, and spirits, in place of lassitude and debility; while to the aged and infirm it assuredly furnishes great relief and comfort, by gently and safely invigorating the corporeal frame; and although it is not put forward as imparting immortality, it will certainly gild the autumn of declining years, and, in all cases, shrive in a variety of patterns. Samples and prices on application to the Manager and Secretary.

IMPORTANT TO YOUNG MEN.—Debilitated and nervous sufferers should read the "Medical Adviser," by DR. DE ROOS, on secret abuses, nervous debility, depression of spirit and confirmed melancholy, too frequently traceable to certain pernicious habits acquired in early life. Price one Rupee of any of the Agents or DR. DE ROOS' Medicines.

PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER, STRICTURES, &C.

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COMPOUND RENAL PILLS

Are justly celebrated all over the world as the most safe and speedy remedy for all dangerous complaints. Discharges of any kind, Stone in the Bladder, and diseases of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs generally

These celebrated Pills are an infallible remedy in the most obstinate cases. By their use alone many thousands are annually restored to health, and the agonies of gout and rheumatism may now be considered a voluntary affliction, as no one need suffer these excruciating torments if they will only have recourse to these Pills, which are confidently recommended by the proprietor as the only real specific; whilst for weakness across the loins, sandy or other deposit in the water, and in all cases of renal or urinary disturbance, they are, indeed, unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, promote the functions of the liver and kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys. Thousands of testimonials from grateful patients attest their marvellous efficacy. In packages, 1s, 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 33s.

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PILULÆ VITÆ OR VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS

which speedily, and almost magically, remove pain and disease of whatever nature, restore cheerfulness to the spirits, vigour to the body, and strengthen all the organs on which the health and life of man depend. They contain a particle of mercury, but are purely vegetable; and for all affections of the liver, flatulency, bile, sick headache, dizziness, loss of appetite, lowness of spirit, the sensations of fulness at the pit of the stomach, pains between the shoulders, and the distress arising from indigestion and debility, they will be found of unexampled efficacy. They act mildly on the bowels without pain or griping, impart strength to the stomach, promote a healthy action of the liver, clear the skin, remove sallowness and pimples, purify the blood, brace the nerves, and marvellously invigorate the whole system. Price 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 22s. per box.

Every package of Dr. De Roos' preparations bears the British Government Stamp with the words—"WALTER De Roos, London," in White Letters on a Red Ground, by order of Her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners, without which none can possibly be genuine. DR. DE ROOS' world-famed Medicines may be obtained of Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Limited, Bombay, Byculla and Poona; B. S. MADGE & Co., Bombay; R. PHILIPS & Co., Bombay & Poona; H. C. GEYER & Co., Bombay; BANNERJEE & Co., Madras; WEST & Co., Madras; WEST, Brigade Road, Bangalore; LYELL, Allahabad; B. G. MATHOON, Medical Agency, Pepulmundee, Agra; BOOKSELLERS and SALL SING, Delhi and Ajmere; BATHGATE & Co., Calcutta; SMITH, STANISTREET & Co., Calcutta; PEAKE ALLEN and Co., Lucknow; BALL, HONSON & Co., Umballa; MAITLAND & Co., and HUDSON & Co., Colombo; and all the principal Merchants in India.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The public are respectfully informed that DR. DE ROOS' Pills are not sold in *loose* quantities, but only in packages, at the aforementioned prices. Intending purchasers are specially cautioned not to be misled into buying so-called "Gutta Vitæ" or "Renal Pills," but in every case specially to ask for and accept no other but Dr. De Roos' "Gutta Vitæ" or Dr. De Roos' "Renal Pills."

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WELLS' "Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Debility, &c.
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INTEREST ALLOWED,
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Offices of the Corporation, Church-gate-street, Bombay, September 15, 1881.

WINES SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the Clubs and Messes obtain their supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.

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Rates "In Bond" furnished by

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PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., ON SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned:—

CHAMPAGNE

	Per 1 doz. quarts.	Per 2 doz. pints.
Charles Heidsick's Grand Vin Premium, White Seal, Dry	Rs. 50 0	
Heidsick's Dry Monopole	,, 54 0	Rs. 5 0
Cuvee de Choix Champagne	,,	,,
Dry Elite ,,	,, 46 0	,, 48 0
First Quality Dry	,, 38 0	,, 40 0

From MESSRS. DEUTZ AND

CALENDAR—JULY, 1885.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

First Quarter ..... July 19th, 5h. 11'2m. a.m.
Full Moon ..... „ 27th, 7h. 14'1m. a.m.

Days.	Engagements, &c.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	High Water.	Low Water.
				H. M.	H. M.
Sat. 18	Educational Conference, Elphinstone High Sch. 10-30 a.m.	6 34	6 38	3 37m 5 30 a	9 31m 10 26 a
Sun. 19	7th Sunday after Trinity.	5 34	6 38	4 39m 4 40 a	10 36m 11 33 a
Mon. 20	English mail expected per s.s. Khedive.*	5 34	6 38	6 1m 5 39 a	— 0 7 a
Tu. 21	Departure of English mail per s. s. Surat, 5 p.m.	5 35	6 39	7 31m 6 37 a	0 44m 1 32 a
Wed. 22	Cricket, Gymkhana vs. Volunteer Club. Bhowruggur Cotton Manufacturing Co., Meeting, 12 o'clock. Town Council, 3 p.m. Wardha S. Manufacturing Co., Meeting, 3 p.m. Legislative Council, Poona, 2-30 p.m.	5 35	6 37	8 46m 8 12 a	1 48m 2 43 a
Thr. 23	Hyderabad Libel Case, Criminal Sessions, 10 a.m. Khangam Cotton Press Co., Meeting, 3 p.m. Poona Sky Races.	5 36	6 37	9 40m 9 13 a	2 41m 3 42 a
Fri. 24	.....	5 36	6 37	10 20m 10 0 a	3 23m 4 24 a

*Left Aden at 11 p.m. on Tuesday, 14th inst.

DIVINE SERVICES.

SEVENTH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY, JULY 19.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins and Holy Communion Choral. Hymns 186, 180 and 194.
8-30 a.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon by the Rev. G. H. Lewis. Hymns 19 and 228.
Anthem.—"Judge me, O God."—Mendelssohn.
The offertories will be devoted to the poor fund.

Thursday, July 23.

7-15 a.m.—Holy Communion.

Saturday, July 25.

Saint James Apostle and Martyr.

7-15 a.m.—Holy Communion.
Daily—At 6-45 a.m.—Matins. At 4-45 p.m.—Evensong.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins and Holy Communion.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND, ESPLANADE.

(Pastor—The Rev. John Forgan.)

11 a.m.—Morning Service.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, SONAPORE.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion with Sermon. Hymns 237, 276 and 313.
9 a.m.—Sunday School.
5 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon. Hymns 238, 228, and 20.
The offertories for church expenses and poor relief.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

11 a.m.—Morning Service, Celebration of Holy Communion and Sermon. Hymns 175, 255 and 219.
6 p.m.—Evening Service and Sermon. Hymns 239, 291, and 227.

GIRGAUM CHURCH.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon. Hymns 307 & 349.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer Sermon and Holy Communion. Hymns 227, 136 and 154.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, KAMATIPURA.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon. Hymns 180, 260 and 193.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6-30 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
7-30 a.m.—Holy Eucharist (Choral) with Sermon.
8 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Alms for general church expenses.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

9 a.m.—Mechanics' Institution, B. B. & C. I. Ry., Parel.
6 p.m.—St. Andrew's Church, Fort.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

SERVICE will be held on board a Ship in the Prince's Dock on Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Captains, officers, seamen, and others are cordially invited. The bethel flag will be hoisted. The name of the ship will be notified in the Y. M. C. A. Coffee Rooms at the Dock.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Educational Conference, Elphinstone High School, 10-30 a.m.
Eurasian and Anglo-Indian Building Society, 2-30 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Chilka (s), from Moulmein; Rydall Hall (s) and Selimbria (s), Liverpool.

SAILINGS.—Sumatra, for Kurrachee; Scindia (s), Calcutta; and Sleckstra (s), Hongkong.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Surat, Rydall Hall, and Selimbria entered, and the s. s. Assam left, the dock yesterday.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.—The approximate return of traffic for the week ending the 11th inst. shows an increase in receipts of Rs. 53,000.

BUILDING SOCIETY.—A meeting of the promoters of the Eurasian and Anglo-Indian Mutual Building Society will be held at half-past two this afternoon at the offices of the Association.

LECTURE.—Pandit Govindrao Wanave, late head schoolmaster of the 9th Bombay N. I., and the founder of the Military Orphanage, will deliver his second lecture in connection with the Military Orphanage, at 5-30 p. m. to-morrow, in the Arya Somaj Mandir.

THE BACK BAY SWIMMING BATHS COMPANY.—In compliance with the provisions of the Indian Companies Act, a preliminary meeting of the company was held yesterday evening at the baths, Mr. J. R. Duxbury presiding. It appears, from a statement made by the chairman, that the accounts of the company are in a very satisfactory condition, and that seeing that the baths have not yet been thoroughly completed, the monthly receipts from subscribers and casual bathers are all that could be desired. Out of a total of 500 shares, 424 have already been allotted, and applications have been received for further allotments. The chairman said he did not think there was any bath in India like the one they had here, and added that if the Calcutta people were to carry out their desire of having a bath, they would have to be satisfied with river water. The bath may be said to have been practically opened to the public since May last, the total receipts for the two-and-a-half months being Rs. 1,932-4, leaving a balance to the credit of the company of Rs. 802-15-9, after deducting all expenses.

THE EFFECTS OF THE WEATHER.—About 28 feet of the back wall of house No. 12, Esajee-street, belonging to Kessowjee Jadowjee, fell in on Thursday. The house is a three-storyed building, occupied by about twenty families; but fortunately no one was injured. A portion of the compound wall of a house in Nepean Sea-road, occupied by Mr. Pheroshaw Mehta, fell down on Thursday, obstructing the public thoroughfare for a short time. A portion of the compound wall of a house in Dockyard-road, Mazagon, belonging to Furmanundass Mohundass, was also blown down. Prao No. 1580, in charge of a tindal named Pandoo Raghoo, was proceeding from the Mandvie-bunder to a steam vessel lying in the harbour, to fetch coolies ashore, when a heavy squall overtook her. She capsized and sank. The tindal of the boat is reported missing; but the Malabarees were picked up by another prao, and were landed at the Carnac-bunder.

ARREST.—On the night of the 9th inst. some thieves entered the house of a banker named Vittal Das residing at the village of Sharpoor, Belgaum District, while sleeping a wall, they tied a rope to the cot of the house, and let themselves down into it. The old woman belonging to the family, who happened to be awake at the time, commenced to inquire who was there and set up a cry; upon which the robbers attacked her with hatchets, and wounded her in two or three places, from the effects of which she expired a few hours afterwards. The robbers after this left the place, and have not been traced as yet.—*Poona Observer.*

AN EXECUTION AT POONA.—Early on Thursday morning Eknath Vittoba, the oil-seller who murdered Succaram, another oil-seller, and his son, Yekmath, in February last, at the village of Dhond, Khed Taluka, was executed at the City Jail. The prisoner had appealed to the Government of Bombay against the sentence passed on him by Mr. Watt, the District Sessions Judge, but unavailingly. Having money, he fought hard for his life, but justice was immovable; and when he found that all hope was lost, he was so prostrated that he was unable to face the gallows, and fainted as he was led to the place of execution. The police who were in charge of him at the time freely sprinkled his face with water and tried to revive him, but hardly with any effect, and were eventually obliged to carry him on a chair to the gallows, where they succeeded in getting him to stand; his head hanging loosely on one side, and looking like despair personified. Hastily fastening the noose around his neck, the board on which he stood was removed, when he immediately dropped and was hidden from the sight of the spectators by the woodwork which forms an enclosure just beneath the gallows. He struggled for nearly three minutes, after which he appears to have become insensible, though his body was allowed to hang for about half an hour, when it was cut down by order of Dr. Saliman, who found life to be extinct. The body was then handed over to some friends of the deceased, who were awaiting outside with a small bullock cart. Placing the body in this conveyance, they rapidly removed it from the premises. In spite of the rain which kept falling, the roads outside of the jail were crowded with a very large number of spectators, who appeared to take a great interest in the execution.—*Poona Observer.*

FLORILINE.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The "Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of honey and herbs, delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the world. Sold wholesale by The Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon Road, London.

SEASON REPORTS FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

THE following are the season reports for the week ended the 15th inst. :—

Ahmedabad.—Rain 4 cents, total 2 inches 86 cents; more urgently wanted throughout the district. Sowing operations delayed. Public health good. What 37 and bajri 33 pounds per rupee.

Panch Mahals.—Rain 1 inch 64 cents at Godhra, total 3 inches 61 cents. Public health good. Sowings of maize, kodra and rice in Dohad and Jhalod healthy. Rain wanted. Scarcity of fodder. Ploughing and sowing progressing in Godhra. Wheat 30, bajri 31 and maize 43 pounds.

Kaira.—Rain 25 cents, at Kaira, it is urgently required now in all parts of the district. Cholera in Borsad, Mehmadabad and Matar Talukas—40 cases, 13 deaths. Bajri 30, wheat 31 and rice 24 pounds.

Broach.—Rain 72 cents, total one inch 59 cents at Broach; maximum at Hansot 1 inch 36 cents, minimum at Jambusar 30 cents, cloudy but no downpour. Fodder becoming scarce. New cholera cases in A'mod 29, deaths 23; 20 cases and 7 deaths in Jambusar, Broach, Anklesvar and Hansot Talukas. Rice 23, bajri 29 and jowari 33 pounds.

Surat.—Rain one inch 82 cents, total 4 inches 64 cents; maximum fall in Pardi 2 inches 97 cents, minimum in Mandvi 51 cents; more urgently needed. Sowing commenced in places. Young plants suffer. Fever in Bardoli and Pardi. Jowar 35 pounds and nagli 33.

Khandesh.—Weather hot but nights cool. Rain in Chalisgaon 3 inches 43 cents, Sindkheda 1·19, Savda 1·28, Bhusaval 1·74, Jalgaon 1·49, Jamner 2·50, Raval 1·92, Erandol 2·92, Edalabad 1, Pethia 2·10. In ten talukas rain only nominal. In these nothing sown. Scarcity of fodder increasing. Cholera in 9 talukas, attacks 447, deaths 214. Wheat 41 pounds 4 tolas and bajri 46 punds 5 tolas.

Nasik.—Rain in Igatpuri 2 inches 24 cents, Nangaon 1 inch 49 cents, Paint 93 cents, Sinnar, Yeola, Malegaon few cents only; none elsewhere. Season for sowing tasar crops gone by. Weather cloudy. High winds. Wet days under the 15 best talukas. Cholera in nine talukas, 212 attacks, 108 deaths. Wheat 34½, bajri 34 and rice 21.

Colaba (Bombay).—Rain every day except on 11th; total of week 3·07 inches, total to date 9·02, being 22·02 below average. Average abnormal temperature 2° cool on 8th and 2° warm from 9th to 14th. Vapour in air slightly in excess of normal. Abnormal wind easterly on 8th, 12th and 13th, northerly on all other days.

Thana.—Rain 4 inches 25 cents, total 17 inches 5 cents. Sowing completed everywhere except in Dahanu and the salt rice land of Bassein. Transplanting in progress but retarded everywhere except in Karjat for want of more rain. No injury as yet to young crops. Cholera in three talukas, cases 55, fatal 36; cholera has almost disappeared from the town of Thana, where the public health is now good. Fever in one and cattle-disease in two talukas. Second sort rice 20 pounds.

Kolaba.—(Report for the week ending 13th instant). Rain 3 inches 79 cents, total 11 inches 94 cents. Slight fever in Pen and Panvel Talukas; cholera in Roha, Mangaon and Panvel Talukas, and small-pox in Petha Uran; cattle-disease in Panvel Taluka. Sowing completed; transplantation commenced throughout the district; more rain wanted. Rice second sort 22 pounds 34 tolas and tur dal second sort 20 pounds 31 tolas per rupee.

Ratnagiri.—Rain 5 inches 24 cents, total 32 inches 78 cents. Sowing operations nearly completed. Transplantation commenced in all talukas; more rain wanted. Fever, small-pox, and cattle-disease in two talukas; one death from cholera at Weswi in Sangmeshwar Petha; dysentery in Khed. Public health good.

Poona.—Rain in Maval 1 inch 91 cents, and in Bhimthadi 1 inch 58 cents; more rain urgently wanted. One hundred and twenty-six cholera cases in four talukas, 68 deaths. Bajri 29 and jowari 36; in Poona bajri 28 and jowari 35 pounds.

Ahmednagar.—Rain 4 inches 5 cents in Shevgaon, 2 inches 15 cents in Jamkhed, 2 inches 14 cents in Nagar, 1 inch 1 cent in Karjat, 1 inch 1 cent in Rajapur, 72 cents in Nevasa, 20 cents in Parner, 14 cents in Shrigonda and 5 cents in Sangamner, none in Akola or Parner. Mug, bajri and cotton being sown in about 25 villages in the west and south of Nagar Taluka and round city. The rest of the Nagar Taluka is confined to about 70 villages in Karjat only. Hulga being sown in about 5 villages. Sowing of bajri begun in some villages of Shevgaon and Jamkhed, in few places in Nevasa and in two or eleven villages of Kopargaon, nowhere in Parner, Rahuri, Shrigonda, Sangamner, or Akola. Vari and nagli previously sown. In Akola likely to fail from want of rain. Cattle suffering from want of fodder in Parner, Kopargaon and Sangamner; in latter taluka few instances of cattle dying from want of fodder. Scarcity of drinking water felt in some hill villages of Sangamner. Slight cattle disease in Nevasa, Sangamner and Akola; cholera 15 attacks and 4 deaths in Parner; 12 attacks 5 deaths in Jamkhed; 17 attacks 11 deaths in Shevgaon; 24 attacks 10 deaths in Nevasa; 20 attacks 6 deaths in Kopargaon and 1 attack 1 death in Sangamner. Bajri from 33 to 45 and jowari from 33 to 48 pounds.

Sholapur.—Rain in Sholapur 1 inch 71 cents, in Barsi 2 inches 95 cents, in Madha 95 cents, in Karmala 71 cents, in Pandharpur 33 cents and in Sangola 1 inch and 33 cents. Kharif sowing commenced in all talukas except in Malsiras. Cholera in Pandharpur and Sangola Talukas. Jowari 43 pounds 37 tolas and bajri 30 pounds 29 tolas.

Satara.—Rain in Satara 26 cents, total 6 inches 49 cents; in talukas, maximum in Patan 2 inches 1 cent, minimum in Koregaon 4 cents; rain urgently required as the crops which are now sprung up are withering and the sowing of kharif is suspended in Tasgaon and Khatav and in some villages of the other talukas for want of it. Sky cloudy. Small-pox in two villages of each of the talukas of Satara and Wai. Cholera in Karad, Valva, Patan and Khatav; 183 cases, 86 deaths. Bajri 30-39 and jowari 34-17.

Bijapur.—Rain in Indi 41, Muddebihal 64, Sindgi same as last week. Sowing in Muddebihal, Indi and Sindgi scarce. Crops suffering and field work at a standstill. Cholera in Bagalkot 38 cases, 13 fatal; Badami 34 cases, 20 fatal; Hungund 6 cases, 3 fatal. North of Krishna prospects fair and public health good.

Belgaum.—Rain at Belgaum 32 cents, total 9 inches 30 cents; Khanapur 3 inches 7 cents, Chikodi 47, Parasgad 38, Gokak 21, Sampgaon 10 and Athni 15 cents; more wanted everywhere. Sowing retarded and crops suffering from want of rain in many places. Scarcity of fodder in parts of Chikodi, Gokak and Athni talukas. Cholera decreasing, cases 205, deaths 112. Jowari and bajri 36 pounds each.

Dharwar.—Rain maximum at Hangal 1 inch 53 cents, Ranebennur 1 inch, Mugud and Kod 70 cents, Hubli and Kalghatgi 60 cents. Hangal and Navalgund 55 cents, Ron 45, Karwar and Navalgund 37 cents, Karajgi and Gadag 28 cents; Mundargi and Ranebennur nearly 15 cents, none in Nargund Petha. More rain urgently required throughout except in Hangal and Mugud where a break is desired. Sowing of early jowari retarded in Dharwar, part of Hubli and eastern talukas. Rice crops good but required heavy showers. Slight cholera in four talukas. Average price of rice 26 and jowari 27 pounds per rupee.

Kanara.—Rain at Karwar 10·91, Kumta 17·21, Sirsi 9 and Haliyal 1·07 inches. Transplanting continues. Crops thriving. Cholera in Haliyal 18 cases, 13 deaths; fever and small-pox in hour talukas and cattle-disease in two. Rice common at Karwar 14-1, in district average 14 sers per rupee.

Rajkot.—General health good. Weather cloudy. Rain 77 cents, total 1·75 inches. Small-pox at Birdi and Bagasra; slight fever in Jetpur, Kotda, Sangani and Manekvada. Bajri 31 and jowari 43 pounds.

Wadhwan.—Weather hot and cloudy. Rain 1 inch 21 cents, total 3 inches. Cholera 9 cases in the station, 4 fatal. Bajri 35, wheat 34 and jowari 40 sers.

Baroda.—Rain 5 cents, total 1 inch 70 cents. Agricultural operations cannot be pursued owing to want of rain in all the divisions of Baroda. Cholera prevails in Kathor, Gandevi and Navsari Talukas of Navsari Division, Bet in Amreli Division and in Baroda and Petlad Talukas; it also prevails to some extent in the city of Baroda, out of 65 cases 28 proved fatal; small-pox at Bhimkala. Land has been made ready for sowing but want of rain has stopped sowing operations. Prices of bajri 26, wheat 25 and rice 20 pounds.

MADRAS.

PRESENTS TO PLUCKY POLICE CONSTABLES.—On Monday morning the Kerala Sabha, Calicut, gave away presents to the policemen who were engaged at Krikalore in connection with the late Mopla disturbances. The distribution took place at the Police Superintendent's office. The head constables and constables who were to receive presents were drawn up in two lines before the members of the Kerala Sabha, and the Public Prosecutor, Mr. Raman Menon, who is the present Vice-President of the Kerala Sabha, and the leading native pleader in Calicut, now going forward for their admirable conduct, after a hard march from Calicut to Trikalore, at once attacked the party of Mopla fanatics dauntlessly, and succeeded in destroying them. Raman Menon produced a gold signet ring which bears the inscription "Trikalore" on it, and presented it to Mr. Sweeny, who thanked the Sabha. Mr. Eradi, a member of the Kerala Sabha and one of the vakils of the Calicut Bar, then addressed the constables in Malayalam, after which Mr. Raman Menon, assisted by Mr. Eradi, distributed cloths to the constables. The head constables each received four pieces of laced cloths called *pavumundu*, and the constables each two pieces of cloths of the same kind. After the distribution of the prizes, Mr. Agar, who acts for Major Hole, who is now at Bangalore, thanked the Kerala Sabha for their kindness, and remarked that excellent results might be expected to result, both to the police and the people from this praiseworthy act which the Kerala Sabha had now done. The meeting then dispersed. —*Mail.*

NEW BUILDINGS FOR THE HIGH COURT.—It has been stated that the proposal to erect the New High Court on the Light House Esplanade has been abandoned, owing to the propinquity of the site to the Beach Battery, which would, in time of war, subject the building to the fire of an enemy; also that a proposal by Mr. R. F. Chisholm, the Consulting Architect, has been accepted by Government—that the block of buildings from the boundary wall to extreme south of Popham's Broadway down to Condy Chetty Street, and from the lane to the south of the Bank of Madras to the Esplanade Cathedral, be taken up for the High Court, which means that the existing buildings on that site will be taken down. This statement caused much anxiety to persons living in the locality, especially as they would find it difficult to find suitable houses elsewhere. The *Madras Mail* is glad to hear that there is little cause for such anxiety. At present there is a strong feeling among those interested against having a new High Court at all, and even if a new court must be built in Black Town, no finer site can, it is believed, be obtained than that it now occupies.

HOME REMITTANCES.

(OFFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.)

WEEKLY memorandum of remittances to the Home Treasury by means of Council bills :—

Amount to be remitted during 1885-86 including the undrawn balance of 1884-85, £35,400	£ 13,810,100
Remitted from 1st April to 11th July, 1885	1,755,600
Balance to be remitted from 12th July to 31st March, 1886	12,024,500

THE SHIPWRECKED SEAMEN'S RELIEF FUND.

CAPTAIN HENRY MORLAND begs to acknowledge, with thanks, the receipt of contributions from the following gentlemen on account of the above fund :—

Name of Contributor.	Copeland Isle.	Seraglio.	Spoke Hall.	General.	Total amount.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Amount already acknowledged	50	775	973-0-0	7,099-4-1	8,897-4-5
Through W Swanseger, Esq.					
From a Family in Poona	..	..	..	10	10
C T B.	..	..	..	10	10
Muncherjee Framjee Cama, Esq	..	..	..	15	15
A Parsee	..	..	..	5	5
Through A Baker, Esq. Amraoti—					
H Hroves, Esq	..	..	..	10	10
Fred Wright, Esq	..	..	..	5	5
F W Stronack, Esq	..	..	10-0-0	10	10
A Baker, Esq	..	..	..	10	10
G Kirdy, Esq	..	..	..	2	2
J Hodgart, Esq	..	..	..	10	10
Nizamboddin, Esq	..	..	..	2	2
J H Sealy, Esq	..	..	..	2	2
P Scott, Esq	..	..	..	2	2
M F Ball, Esq	..	..	..	10	10
E C List, Esq	..	..	..	10	10
Collected at Ellichpore—					
W S C Johnstone, Esq...	..	..	..	10	10
W E Hendricks, Esq ...	..	..	..	1	1
J Ballantine, Esq	..	..	..	10	10
Shrikrishna Chintaman Nashar, Esq	..	..	..	2	2
P Mahomed, Esq	..	..	..	5	5
Collected at Chikulda—					
J W Well, Esq	..	..	..	2	2
E Stitchfield, Esq	..	..	..	3	3
M N Metcalfe, Esq	..	..	..	2	2
W Elliot, Esq	..	..	..	2	2
H Hurzell, Esq	..	..	..	10	10
B. Merwanjee, Esq	..	..	..	2	2
Through W A Blunt Esq—					
Forty-four Officers of H M's Customs Bombay ...	..	..	26-8-0	26-8-0	35
Lodge St. Andrews in the East No 343 and Royal Chapter St Andrews No 68, S C Poona	..	..	..	..	..
Through Damodher Thakoorsey Mooljee, Esq—	..	..	..	50	50
Messrs Thackersey Mooljee and Sons	..	..	..	..	..
Morarjee Mooljee, Esq.	..	..	..	25	25
Benjamin Mosley, Esq.	..	..	..	5	5
Cursetjee Rustomjee Koginoor, Esq.....	..	..	..	10	10
R Bandjie, Esq	..	..	..	5	5
Rustomjee J D Wadia, Esq	..	..	..	3	3
James Cocker, Esq.....	..	..	..	2	2
M Vaz, Esq	..	..	..	5	5
Lallubhai Mathoordass, Esq...	..	..	..	5	5
Bomanjee Cursetjee Sett, Esq	..	..	..	2	2
W H Coulthurst, Esq....	..	..	..	5	5
Sorabjee Byramjee, Esq	..	..	..	10	10
Mirabji Somjee, Esq...	..	..	..	3	3
Cursetjee Dossabhoy Sookhia Esq.....	..	..	..	1	1
Through H Chamlet, Esq Hyderabad, Deccan—					
E A Seaton, Esq.....	..	..	..	1	1
Mahde Sadur Gholienjee, Esq	..	..	..	15	15
S Wilson, Esq.....	..	..	..	10	10
A G Fellowes, Esq.....	..	..	..	5	5
A P Mercer Esq	..	..	..	10	10
D Gauntlett, Esq.....	..	..	..	10	10
E E Yates, Esq.....	..	..	..	20	20
Through W Walker, Esq Native Crew s.s. Nevasa	..	..	..	2	2
Native s.s. Huzara	..	..	..	50	50
Nelson.....	..	..	..	30	30
Captain & Officers s.s. Java	..	..	..	17-7	17-7
Captain & Officers s.s. Rumah	..	..	5	16-8	18-8
Native Crew s.s Burma.	..	..	..	20-0	20
Engineers of ss Mecca...	..	..	..	27-8	27-8
Officers of ss Mecca.....	..	..	..	10	10
Native Crew ss Burmah	..	..	..	25	25
„ ss Scindia..	..	..	..	15	15
„ ss Satara..	..	..	..	15-4	15-4
„ ss Ellora....	..	..	..	10	10
Officers & Engrs s.s. Kilora	..	..	..	17-12	17-12
Native Crew s.s. Java..	..	..	..	15-4	15-4
Through Capt K Macalay.....	..	..	..	22	22
James Davidson, 4th Engr s s Satara	..	..	..	16-8	16-8
Edmond Hussey, Clerk, s s Satara	..	..	..	3	3
H J Gordon, 2nd Engr. s s Satara	..	..	..	5	5
George Logan, 3rd Engr. s s Satara	..	..	..	10	10
J T Tomlinson, 2nd Officer, s s Satara	..	..	..	5	5
Capt M Macfarlane, s s Assyria	..	..	..	10	10
S Boon, Chief Officer, s s Assyria	..	..	..	10	10
PP Parkinson, as Assyria...	..	..	5	...	5
W Parker, s s Assyria.....	..	..	5	...	5
Clerk, s s Assyria.....	..	..	2	...	2
Commander, s s Satara.	..	..	10	10	20
Total..... Rs	50	775	1,314-8	8,104-151	19,244-75

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Will you permit me, through the medium of your columns, to thank the people of Bombay and especially Captain Morland and Captain Russel, for the extremely liberal manner in which I and my crew have been treated since our arrival in this port? I am now leaving for Calcutta, and wish to tender my thanks before my departure.—Yours, &c.

JAMES FERGUSSON,
Late Master of the Copeland Isle.

July 16.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, July 16.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·627
Temperature of the Air	79·0
Wet Bulb Thermometer	76·6
Dew Point.....	75·7
Relative humidity of Air.....	·897
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded—8)...	8·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.) ..	81·3
Minimum do. (read at 10 a.m.)..	76·1
General Direction of Wind*	W, WSW, W.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	690
Fall of Rain	5·63
Total fall during month.....	12·06
„ „ year	17·19
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 17th inst. ..	0·87

* From midnight to midnight.

ENGLISH SPORTING NOTES.

CRICKET.

THE interest in the cricket intelligence brought by the last mail centres principally in the doings of the Universities, which made their appearance in the metropolis to play their trial matches previous to encountering each other. In the first of these matches, reference to which was made in the last notes, the Cantabs had to acknowledge themselves defeated by Surrey, who were in a majority of 131 runs on the two innings. Surrey going in first made 233, the chief contributors being Maurice Read 88 not out, Bowden 38, Shuter 30, and W. Read 33. The Light Blues responded with 175, Buxton 48, Turner 41, and Kemp 20 doing most of the scoring. With 58 runs to the good, Surrey again made an excellent start, and the first seven wickets realized 207 runs; but the last three wickets could only add 5 runs to the score. Maurice Read was again top scorer with 59. The task of obtaining 271 runs was far beyond the power of the Light Blues, though at one moment Wright and Kemp by steady batting raised the hopes of their partisans; but after the former was dismissed for 42 and the latter for 18, Buxton alone with 20 made anything like a stand, and the venture came just 131 runs short of the required total.

The Oxford men, who next antagonised Surrey, fared even worse at their hands. Taking first innings the visitors made but a very poor start, three good wickets falling for 16 runs. But Key 61 and Hildyard 62 not out made a glorious stand, and the total of 177 was reached. Surrey on going in essayed the opposing total for the loss of four wickets, and at the fall of the last wicket had scored 295 runs. Maurice Read was again to the fore, his score falling just short of the century by three runs. Steel too was the next best run-getter. With a deficit of 118 runs the Oxonians commenced their second innings, but Lohmann and Beaumont, more particularly the former, proved too much for them, and they succumbed for 101, thus suffering a decisive defeat by an innings and 17 runs. Brain batted well for 32, O'Brien 5 and 0 failed to come off.

While the rival University was trying conclusions with Surrey, Cambridge was at the same time pitted against a strong team of the M. C. C. that included the two Studds, A. G. Steel, Barnes, Flowers, and Christopherson. The Light Blues on going in made but a poor show against the bowling of Flowers, who was in good form, and obtained eight wickets for 22 runs. Only five of the side reached double figures, the total being 115. Marchant carried out his bat for a steady 24, the highest score in the innings, and Wright followed up his form at the Oval with a useful contribution of 22. Though the first wicket of the M. C. C. fell for nothing, Steel and Barnes collared the bowling. The former obtained 45 and the latter was run out for a well-played 75. Christopherson, who of late has shown fair batting powers in addition to his bowling, whipped in the lot with a useful 30 not out, the innings realising 247 runs. Going in again the Cambridge batsmen made a very good show, and not only succeeded in averting a single innings defeat, which was thought probable, but set their opponents 97 to get to win. This was in great measure due to the fine batting of the Hon. M. B. Hawke and Mr. Wright, who besides received valuable assistance from several other members of the team. Hawke's innings of 73 was well played, while Wright's 40 was also meritorious. Rock played his usual defensive game, and was not out for 22. The M. C. C. team, which it might be mentioned included seven old Cambridge men, lost two wickets in obtaining the runs required to win, G. B. Studd not out 59 and R. S. Jones 24 being the principal run-getters.

On the three following days the Oxford men did battle in their turn with a team of M. C. C., which was not so strong as that which antagonised Cambridge. The M. C. C. team included Marshall, Barnes, M. C. Kemp, Flowers, Attewell, and Wooton. Flowers again showed he was in good form with the ball, for he obtained six wickets for 26 runs. Oxford's total only reached 100, Buckland 36 and Page 17 being the only double-figure scorers. The M. C. C. obtained 191. Marshall 51, Barnes 30, Flowers 25, and Attewell 35. Going in again Oxford made a very good show, thanks principally to an admirable innings of 135 by Brain. The Oxford total reached 231. The Club had 138 runs to get to win, and on Friday evening at half-past five the total was 72 for four wickets.

The weakness of the M. C. C. team in the match against Oxford was to a great extent due to another match which was being played on the same day at the Oval, where a contest between the Gents and the South was arranged for the benefit of R. Humphrey. The Southern team, which consisted chiefly of Surrey men, was certainly not a very representative one in the absence of Grace, W. L. Murdoch, and some of the Middlesex batsmen. Lord Harris was also an absentee. The Northern team was captained by Hornby, who was the only amateur playing on that side. The South made but a poor start against the bowling of Rush and Wright, the latter obtaining 6 wickets for 32. Diver 27, G. G. Hearne 26, and W. R. Gilbert 17 were the only double-figure scorers, the total realised being 96. The North put on 50 runs for their first wicket, and lost the next immediately afterwards. Then Gunn and Scotton got together and put on 104 runs before the former was bowled, the telegraphic board recording 98. The Northern total ultimately reached 267. The South on going in again had lost five wickets for 71 runs when the mail left.

In the match between Hampshire and Derbyshire, which was being played at the same time, some heavy scoring was witnessed on the part of Derbyshire, which, going in first, put together the large total of 427. Sugg played a grand innings of 187, and most of the others got into double figures. On Friday Hampshire had completed an innings for 135, Mr. Lacey going in first and carrying out his bat for 61.

The contest between Middlesex and Gloucestershire terminated in a meritorious win by the latter by eight wickets. It will be remembered that against the large total of 398 by the Metropolitans, the Gloucestershire team only succeeded in obtaining a lead of 20 runs, dismissed Middlesex in the second innings for but 119 runs. Wanting 178 runs to win, Gloucestershire only lost two wickets, that of Grace 54 and Gilbert 38, for the required runs and Fuller Pilch not out 35 then obtained the runs required to win.

Rain interfered a good deal with the match between Yorkshire and Lancashire and caused a drawn game to be recorded. Lancashire, obtained 108 runs and Yorkshire obtained 148 in their first innings, and had lost six wickets for 75 when the stumps were drawn.

Lancashire next travelled South to meet Sussex, which was without the services of F. M. Aicaes, Whitfeld, and W. Humphreys, whose absence materially disabled the team. Lancashire scored 215 in the first innings, the scoring being done mostly by the juniors, W. E. Arnold 51, Baligh 39, and C. Leach 39, and Pilling 26 not out were the best scorers. Sussex answered with 192. Tester 32, Newborn 43, and Brann 57 doing most of the scoring. Lancashire's second venture realised 153 runs, Watson, not out 48, being the highest scorer. Wyatt 36 and Tester 34 made a bold effort for Sussex, but they did not receive sufficient support from the others, and in the end the Southerners suffered defeat by 41 runs.

A fairly strong team of the M. C. C. inflicted a crushing defeat on Suffolk. The club going in first obtained 304, Gunn 111 and Flowers 75. Suffolk could only muster 106 and 102, Mr. Tindall and 23 was the top scorer in each innings. The county thus suffered defeat by an innings and 82 runs.

The public schools have been showing some activity, and various trial and school matches have come off. Harrow won a one innings victory over Cheltenham by five wickets. The scoring was low on both sides. Cheltenham's two innings realised 47 and 69. Clifton in the first innings made 76 and obtained 40 for the loss of five wickets in the second.

Forest School scoring heavily against Felstead School obtained a victory by 109 runs. For the winners

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 17.

CONSOLS in London yesterday were 99½, having recovered ¼ of the previous day's decline, but singularly enough all the other items usually quoted by Reuter have receded in value, French Rentes, the 3½ per cent. Indian Sterling Loan, 4 per cent. Rupee Paper by ¼, and 4½ per cents. by ⅛. That this movement is attributable to the same political cause as affected Consols the previous day is manifest not only from the fact that the Bank of England return is a shade more favourable, the proportion of the Reserve to Liabilities having advanced from 44 to 45 per cent., but also by the tendency of the Produce markets, Linseed and Wheat being both firmer again, while Cotton is lower.

The local excitement, if it can be so called, has been less marked to-day. In Government Paper there has been a good deal of speculative movement, but otherwise the recovery in Consols has had a reassuring effect. The only pity is that little temporary scares of this kind tend to keep people's minds unsettled, and thereby interfere with business.

Reuter's report of the Liverpool Cotton Market yesterday is closing quieter, sales 8,000 bales, spot prices 1-16d. lower in Mid-Uplands, Good Broach and Good Hingunghat, and 1-32d. to 1-16d. down in Americans to arrive. From New York ready Cotton comes 1-16. cent. lower futures 2 points higher, the respective quotations being 10 3-16 and 9·68 cents per lb. respectively.

We have heard of no business here to-day. Nothing whatever is doing at the moment in ready stuff for export, and speculation for the future, except in the way of bazaar suttar, does not exist.

Wheat is inactive. The market quotations are Rs. 3-13½ for Ekdani Pessy and Rs. 3-11½ per cwt. for No. 1 Club Delhi, but although there are buyers, there are practically no sellers at these rates. The improvement reported by Reuter from home is more a matter of tone than price, and the Continent does not seem to have shared in it.

SEEDS are generally unchanged but firm, Linseed being Rs. 6-1½, Yellow Guzerat Rapeseed Rs. 6 per cwt.

FREIGHTS remain as dull as ever. For Liverpool business has been done in Wheat at 16s. 3d., but even at that the quantity offering is not large. We quote :—

	Wheat	Meast.	Forward.
Liverpool .....Ready.	16·3	20	
Open Charter.. ..	21·3		
Havre..... ..			21·3
Antwerp	21·3		..
Marseilles	20		..
Trieste-Venice . ..	..		27 to 2

IMPORTS.—The rains have imparted a much healthier tone to the market for goods. There is not perhaps any more doing ready, but dealers show more confidence regarding the future, and offers to a considerable extent have been wired yesterday and to-day. Political matters are somewhat of a check.

EXCHANGE has been the turn weaker to-day, owing, it is said, to the tenour of the Calcutta advices. Credits have been, saleable at a reduction of 1-32d., and the quoted rates for Bank Bills have been obtainable for this mail only, not forward. Closing quotations are :—

Bank Bills on demand.....	1-64 per Rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1-6 23-32.
Do. 3 months' sight	1-6 13-16.
Credits, 3 months' sight	1-6½ to 29-32.
France, 3 months' sight	2·00.

GOVERNMENT PAPER has fluctuated almost hourly, but on the strength of the recovery in Consols has on the whole been firmer. Fours opened in the neighbourhood of Rs. 97, but for a time receded to Rs. 96¾, recovering in the afternoon, however, to Rs. 97½ ready, Rs. 97⅞ to ¼ forward. Fours-and-a-half have advanced to Rs. 100. Reuter quotes Calcutta rates at Rs. 97 and Rs. 99 respectively.

SHARES are quiet, with few changes. Spinning and Weaving Mills are mostly steady and unchanged, but in Jewraz Balloo and Manockjee Petit an advance of Rs. 2½ is quoted. Mofussil Co.'s shares are Rs. 2½ lower at Rs. 350.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Ratio.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	5p.ct.	750
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	820
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	610
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	all	6 do.	120
Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation ..	60,000	$125	all	17½ do.	250
National Bank of India	37,320	£ 250		do.	100

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	..	225
Akola Press Co.	80	500	500	Rs. 60	450
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	500	Rs. 45	420
Albert Press Co., Kurla	220	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	1,275
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	393
Bellary	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	550
Broul's Cawnpore P. Co., Ld.	500	200	200	..	160
Bombay Cotton Press.	1,000	125	125	..	187½
Coimba Press Co.	50	1,880	1,880	Rs. 600	700
Dhoilera P. & G. Co. .	300	300	300	12	140
East India Press Co.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 130	1,175
Fort Press Co.	150	8,500	8,500	400	2,999
Broach Press Co.	300	500	500	Rs. 45	620
Harvey & Sabapathy Co., Ld.	450	500	500	..	610
Khansaun Cotton Press Co.	240	500	500	Rs. 40	460
Manmar Manfg. Co	1,000	250	250	Rs. 30	205
Meranolie Press Co. ..	1,500	125	125	Rs. 7	135
Mofussil Co.	3,125	400	400	Rs. 15	353
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,250	500	500	Rs. 45	515
New Broach Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,400	100	500	Rs. 40	3
New Indian Press	4,000	100	125	Rs. 10	1574
Prince of W. Press	600	500	500	60	510
Sabapathy Press Co., Ld., (Bellary)	500	500	500	..	500
Sind Press Co.	400	2,000	750	Rs. 50	675
Sind & Punjab Cotton Press Co.	30	1,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,250
Sassoon Press Co.	300	500	500	25	515
Volkart Press Co.	450	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	720

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. company	1,305	1,000	1,000	...	1,375
Albert Edward Cotton Mills Co. ..	1,000	500	500	Rs. 15	455
Anglo-Indian Company					
Alfred	80,000	100	100	Rs. 2	98
Allian	1,000	500	500	Rs. 17½	325
Mo	1,800	1,00	1,00	Rs. 30	610
Bell	871	500	all	Rs. 22½	600
Bo	9,9 0	100	100	..	..
..mbay United	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	9.0
Borar Mfg. Co., Ld. ..	2,750	200	200	..	200
Central India S. & W. Company	3,000	500	5..	Rs. 40	710
Colaba Land & Mill Co.	4,000	700	700	Rs. 12½	700
Connaught Mills	840	500	500	..	530
Cooria Mills	1,300	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	675
City of Bombay	1,000	1,000	..	..	760
D. Spinning	3,000	2,.0	2,0.0	..	110
Dhun Mills.....	1,000	1,0.0	1,.1.	..	1,000
Empress S. & W. Co. ..	2,000	50	Rs.	25	715
Framji Petit Mfg. Co.	1,250	1,700	1,0..	25	995
Golam Babe S. Co. ..	2,000	500	2..	..	430
Gordon Mills	1,032	1,000	1,000	..	810
Hindustan Mills	1,200	1,00.	1,00.	Rs. 40	760
Hingunghat Mill Co.	500	50	70	14	320
Hydrabad Spinning Co	700	1,00.	1,0..	Rs. 50	1,075
Impl. Cotton Mills Co.	400	500	500	Rs. 20	120
Indian Manfg. Co. Ld.	1,000	1,0..	..	..	910
Jamsetjee's Mills. ..	100	1,000	400	..	430
Jaffer Ali Spin. Co. ..	1,341	5..	50	Rs. 40	55)
Jewraz Balloo	1,200	1,0..	1,0..	Rs. 30	962½
Khandesh.....	750	1,00.	1,00.	Rs. 30	825
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,00.	1,0..	Rs. 40	825
Leopold L. Bleaching & Mfg. Co., Ld. ..	3,500	10	10	Rs. 5	140
Madras United	500	1,00	1,0	100	2,40
Mahalakmi	650	1,00	1,0	Rs. 30	930
Manockjee Petit's	4,050	1,00	1,0.0	Rs. 25	1,082½
Mazagon Spinning Co	5,000	25	2..	Rs. 9	190
Maraj'ee Cotton Co. ..	1,100	1,0	1,0..	Rs. 90	1,250
National Spinning	600	1,00	1,00.	..	580
Nigaum Cotton Cleaning Co.	1,000	100	5	..	107xd.
Narayan Cotton Mills	650	1,000	1,000	..	500
New Great Eastern ..	1,500	1,00.	1,0..	Rs. 20	960
rental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 1	4574
Parell S. & W. Co. Ld.	2,500	400	40.	Rs. 1	150
People of India S. & W. Co. Ld.	1,00.	25.	250	62	175
Prince of Wales Spinning Company.	1,250	500	50.	..	130
Queen Spinning	800	1,00	1,.0	..	675
Ripon.....	641	1,00.	1,0..	..	675
Sassoon S. & W. Co..	1,000	1,00	1,00.	Rs. 10	1,500
Shalapore Mills	678	1,00	1,00.	Rs. 70	1,300
Soonderdas	650	1,00.	1,00.	Rs. 30	580
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Rs. 20	410
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co. Ld.	1,212	250	250	Rs. 10	230
Victoria Jub.	600	1,000	1,000	...	575
Western India S. & M. Company	1,200	1..	1,000	Rs. 25	685

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown & Co. Ld.	1,000	200	200	10 p.ct.	202
	750	200	150		156
Badham, Pile & Co. Ld.	1,000	100	100	Rs. 12	160
Bapty Co., Ld.	2,625	200	165	Rs. 10	222
Barton & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	10 2-3p.c.	88
Do. New Issue ..	500	100	37½	10 2-3p.c.	37½xd.
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld. ..	300	500	100	..	90
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	500	500	500	..	660
Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	..	480
Bombay Joo Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1 250	100	100	Rs. 6	102
Boy & Burmah Trading Corporation.	4,000	2,500	1,500	300	4,800
Do. New Shares ..	1,000	500	300	60	880
Bombay Fire Insurance Co.	600	1,000	1,000	25.	880
Bombay Municipal Bonds	1,500	100	100	6 p.ct.	104
Cash Bazaar					44
Cooper, Madon & Co., Ld.	,000	100	100	..	127
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association.	5,000	100	10	Re. 1	3
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	..	5	..	34
Kurmachee Ice Co. Ld.	500	500	300	36	321
Kurrachee Lighterage Company, Ld. ..	500	500	200	36 p. s.	389
Kemp & Co., Ld.	4,000	200	175	Rs. 22½	347
Mechanics Building Co	4,000	50	22	14	23
Napier Hotel Co.	300	100	100	9 p.ct.	100
Napier Foundry and Mfg. Co.	,600	100	100	..	100
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company ..	5,000	200	50	24	60
Orient Building Association	,000	20	20	14	23
Pearce and Co., Ld. ..	1,000	100	100	8 p. s.	95
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 14	340
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance					
Scindy & Co. Ld.	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,550
Telephone Co. Ld.	,000	100	100	Rs. 8	90
Thacker & Co., Ld. ..	19,200	25	25	Rs. 1	154
Thacker & Co., Ld. ..	2,000	500	500	Rs. 110	1,190
Victor & Co., Ld.	1,500	100	100	Rs. 15	165
Western India Flour Mills	1,000	12	100	p.ct.	150

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steam-ship Clan Ogilvie, 1,584 tons, Captain George Nelson, sails to-day for Liverpool via Canal with a general cargo.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steam-ship Chilka, 1,450 tons, Captain A. S. Calder, arrived in harbour yesterday from Moulmein (7th inst.) with a cargo of timber and rice.

THE steam-ship Rydal Hall, 1,716 tons, Captain A. Buck, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool (20th ultimo), with a general cargo ; she is consigned to Edward, Bates & Co.

THE steam-ship Selimbria, Captain S. Fowler arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool (18th June), with a general cargo, and Mr. G. Jennings and Mr. Christee, as first-class passengers.

ARRIVALS.

July.	Vessel.	Commander	From
17	Chilka (s)	Calder	Moulmein, July 7.
	Rydal Hall (s)	Buck	Liverpool, June 20.
	Selimbria (s)	Fowler	Liverpool, June 18.

DEPARTURES.

July.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
17	Euphrates (s)	Stewart	Kurrachee.
	Scindia (s)	Davison	Calcutta.
	Electra (s)	Mahorcich...	Hongkong.

The steam-ship Clan Ogilvie, Geo. Nelson, obtained her port-clearance for Liverpool yesterday.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Atrato, for Havre.
" Rydal Hall, for Liverpool.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JULY 17.

FROM LONDON.

Westbourne s—11 cases glassware, Cassum Nanji ; 1 case acid nitric, Cooper, Madon and Co ; 10 cases German silver wire, C Macdonald and Co ; 150 kegs white zinc paint, T M Tazkenjee ; 9 cases lavender water, A H G Hoopen ; 12 cases wine, the United Merchants Co.
Nepaul s—33 cases wine, Phillips and Co.
Surat s—29 cases oilmanstores and 3 cases medicine other sorts, A Tayebkhan.
Assam s—4 parcels stationery, P and O Co ; 3 cases stationery, The Agra Bank.

FROM GLASGOW.

Victoria s—1 cask whisky, G Groom and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Victoria s—230 boxes bar soap, A Dawoodkhan ; 10 cases slates, M Adumjee.
Clan Ogilvie s—1 hogshead gin, Green and Read.

FROM ANTWERP.

Yeddo s—5 cases anniline dye, T Tallukchund.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Nepaul s—1 case gold, silver, and brass watches, Edmond Charpie and Co.

FROM VENICE.

Assam s—35 cases soap perfumed, and 10 cases butter, M Mondalfo.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JULY 17.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Victoria s—175 bales cotton, Wallace and Co ; 7 bales hides, M Canjee ; 1,000 cwts wheat, L Cullianjee ; 128 bales gunny rugs, P Ookerdass.
Clan Murray s—15 bales wool, and 11 bales old gunny rugs, D Sassoon and Co ; 4,000 cwts wheat. L Poonsee and Co.
Guildford s—4,000 cwts wheat, P William Bell and Co.

FOR HULL.

Waverly s—1,000½ cwts myrabollams and 1,575 cwts rapeseed, Polly and Co ; 1,200 cwts myrabollams and 2621 cwts galls, A Salmon and Co ; 2,000 cwts wheat, Lang Moir and Co ; 2,000 cwts wheat, 1,000½ cwts myrabollams, and 450 cwts dali, Lalji Poonsee.

FOR GENOA.

Manilla s—500 bales cotton, Oicese and Co ; 400 bales cotton, Glade and Co ; 1,800 cwts linseed, Valkart Bros ; 6,902 cwts rapeseed and 2,000 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Atrato s—11,938 cwts rapeseed and 10,424 cwts wheat, Wallace and Co ; 2,000 cwts wheat and 23,300 cwts rapeseed, Louis Treyfus and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Manilla s—1,000½ cwts groundnuts, Oicese and Co ; 1,302 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros ; 200 cwts horns, Waljee Poonjee.
Euxine s—31 bales woollen carpets and 7,720 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Rhosina s—250 cwts onions, Hassan Lall ; 115 bales twist, N B Modi and Co ; 100 bales twist, Curseti Bomanji ; 50 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co ; 10 bales twist, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 50 bales twist, E. L. Moolchund

FOR SHANGHAI.

Rhosina s—100 bales twist, D M Petit Sons and Co.

HIGH COURT—JULY 18.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. JUSTICE PINHEY.)
Suit for hearing and final disposal.
Long Cause.

121-85—Macfarlane and E—Moosa Abdul Latiff and another, vs. Nursingdas Mooltanchund and others—Jefferson B and D—Part heard.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. JUSTICE SCOTT.)
Suit for hearing and final disposal.
Long Cause.

301-83—Macfarlane and E—Mahomed Seedick Hajee Abdulla vs Hajee Ahmed Hajee Abdoola and others—Jefferson, B and D and P., G and S—Part heard.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JULY 16.

Ruggles, Sub-Inspr, Army Educational, on duty, from Poona.
Proudfoot, Major, 4th Inf, on medical certificate, from Secunderabad.

DEPARTURES

Swann, Lt, 1st Grenad, on duty, to Poona.
Edward, Apoth, returning off field service, to Secunderabad.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lt.-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Comdt., B. V. R. C.

Bombay, July 18.

All members changing their addresses are requested to notify the same to the Captains of their Companies or the Adjutant.

Vol. J. G. Prebble having joined is taken on the strength of the Corps from this date and posted to C. Company.

By order,
A. W. PRIOR, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

MR. N. H GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A. M. TO 6 P. M.
Extracts teeth under Nitrous Oxide Gas
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
Next to *Bombay Gazette* Office.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

MESSRS. STEPHENS BROS.
DENTAL SURGEONS,
19, RAMPART-ROW,
(Opposite Temple Bar)
FEES MODERATE. PAINLESS EXTRACTIONS.

PRESERVE YOUR SIGHT.
FOR THE GUIDANCE of those
REQUIRING SPECTACLES who are
NOT conveniently ABLE to VISIT ME, I
will SEND GRATIS on application a PAMPHLET with instructions how to get properly suited.
N. LAZARUS, Oculist-Optician,
14, Rampart Row, Bombay, opposite Watson's Hotel. | 1, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL.
This is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England. In bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other.
*** AGENTS WANTED.

MR. A. N. DAVER, of No. 7, Meadow-street has the pleasure to inform the public of Bombay that he has received lately from London the following watches of the well-known maker W. H. Hall, of London, and also self-winding watches by John Jones with the latest improvements.

18-carat Gold Chronograph Repeater, Double Calendar Heart-shaped Brooch Watches, and also various description s of watches too numerous to mention. Also variou as descriptions of Silver Watches by the well-known maker W. H. Hall, of London, Gold and Silver star pattern chains, Necklets, Guards, &c., &c. Musical boxes with Native tunes, Historical Oleographs, Iron Safes, &c.

A. N. DAVER,
No. 7, Meadow-street, Bombay

MR. C. A. GRAVES,
SURGEON DENTIST,
WILL BE LEAVING Bombay on the 16th, and is likely to be absent about one month.
Bombay, June 15, 1885.

SPECTACLES *V.* BLINDNESS.
SPECTACLES can only be perfectly adjusted by those having a thorough knowledge of the anatomy of the eye, combined with optical experience. We have the highest medical authorities, confirmed by daily experience, that imperfect glasses, together with the haphazard plan of selection employed by the mere vendor, is the cause of most cases of blindness and defective vision. MESSRS. LAWRENCE AND MAYO, Consulting Oculists' Opticians, personally adapt their IMPROVED PEBBLE SPECTACLES, at their Office, Rampart-row, above Soundy and Co., Bombay, daily (Sundays excepted) from 10 to 5. Pamphlet and Price-list free on application.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
WE HEREWITH CERTIFY THAT MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., Ld., BOMBAY AND POONA, ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR SCHIEDMAYER AND *SOEHNE'S* PIANOS IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY, and that our Pianos, which we have built especially for the Indian climate for more than twenty years, are only shipped by us for Bombay to the above Firm.
We also state as a caution to the public that Pianos bearing the name of SCHIEDMAYER ONLY, which are offered for sale by other houses are by a TOTALLY DISTINCT MANUFACTURER,
SCHIEDMAYER AND *SOEHNE*,
Pianoforte Manufacturers to His Majesty the King of Wurtemberg, Germany,
Established 1809.

FRESH CONSIGNMENTS of these celebrated Pianofortes arrive regularly on the 25th of every month by the Austrian Lloyd Steam Navigation Company steamers.

Plain Square	Rs. 750
Sympathetic Square.....	" 825
Boudoir or Concert Piano (on three legs).. ..	" 1,425

TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH ON DELIVERY.
N.B.—None genuine unless bearing the name of SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE IN FULL.

The Hire System being greatly in vogue, and also an easy mode of ultimately possessing a Piano, MARCKS and Co. are prepared to offer the following advantageous terms, viz :—

Plain Square Piano .....Rs. 3 0 per month for 24 months.	
Sympathetic Square ..... " 36 0	"
Boudoir (on three Legs).. .. " 66 0	"
Tin Lined Case..... Rs. 25 Extra.	

DELIVERED FREE AT ANY RAILWAY STATION
Bombay or Poona.
MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
Poona : 1, East Street. Bomb y : 43, Esplanade Road.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED).

EUROPE.

DEATH.

LEE-WARNER—July 10, at Tetypland Hall, Fakenham Norfork, the Rev. H. James, Honorary Canon of Norwich Cathedral, aged 83.

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

MACKENZIE—July 6, at Karachi, of cholera, Captain D. G. Mackenzie, 2nd Sind Horse, aged 36 years.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

FERRIER—July 10, at Saint Tal, the wife of Captain Ferrier, West Yorkshire Regiment, station Staff Officer, of a son.
NIXON—July 8, at Murree, the wife of J. E. Nixon, 18th Bengal Cavalry, of a daughter.
RICKARDS—July 10, at Kilangowan, Murree, the wife of Captain C. H. Rickards, Royal Artillery, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

THURLEY—ALLEN—July 8, at Christ Church, Mount Road, Madras, by the Rev. R. H. Feast, R. Manley Thurley, of the Salt and Abkari Revenue, to Florence Louisa (Flo) second daughter of the late R. Allen, of Madras.

DEATH.

SWINBURNE—July 10, at Ferozepore, of enteric fever, Anthony Swinburne, Lieutenant, the East Lancashire Regiment, aged 22 years.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, JULY 18, 1885.

Now that the Russians have responded to the occupation of Port Hamilton by sending a force across the Corean frontier, and taking possession of Port Lazareff, while the Island of Montebello, a short distance from Port Hamilton, has also been seized, we shall be in a position to judge of the real value of the project of an alliance between Great Britain and China and Japan, to defend common interests against Russia on the one hand, and against France on the other. The integrity of Corea was only the other day the subject of a treaty between China and Japan, each of those Powers agreeing to abstain from disturbing the *status quo* in that country. China claims the suzerainty of the peninsula, and the Corean Government allows the claim in theory by sending an embassy with some slight tribute to Pekin every four years. The Coreans, however, have contrived to maintain for centuries past a system of Home Rule. A wooden pallisading was erected along the frontier to keep out Chinese officials and Chinese traders. When the paling was found to be too weak to be an effective barrier, the Coreans made an artificial neutral zone, by razing to the ground two of their cities and a great number of villages, and thus fenced themselves in with a solitude. In the southern portion of the peninsula the Japanese endeavoured to establish a footing. The Coreans resorted to occasional massacre ; and the Chinese Government applied diplomatic pressure and threatened force, the result being the treaty between the two Powers to which we have referred. It was pretty well understood that the chief motive which prompted this sensible settlement of a difficulty, was the desire to avert the intrusion of Russia in Corea, which on one side of its frontier is conterminous with the Russian province of Manchooria. The arrangement between China and Japan that Corea should be left very much to its own devices, has not sufficed to keep the Russians from interfering with that territory. What course will the Chinese and the Japanese Governments, or either of them, decide to take under the circumstances ? The very aggression which was dreaded has been consummated, without any reference to either of them. If we are to give credit to the representations which have been addressed to the Government and the public in England by ardent politicians in Hongkong, China is not only ready, but anxious, to form a triple alliance with Great Britain and Japan for the purpose of checkmating Russia, and driving her out of the Amoor territory and recovering Vladivostock. Now that this additional provocation has been suddenly given, is it likely that a serious effort will be made to realise the scheme of a great alliance, so that Russia may be driven back to her forests ?

At first sight it might appear to be an additional ground for calculating upon this tremendous combination, that the entry of Russian troops into Corean territory is stated to be, as it undoubtedly is, a hostile movement in opposition to England, the immediate object being to place our new possession of Port Hamilton between two ports in Russian occupation. But it will not do to come prematurely to the conclusion that the Chinese Government or the Government of Japan will regard this circumstance as an aggravation of the offence of Russia. The occupation of Port Hamilton may have been a step which the late Government was justified in taking, when considering the matter from its own point of view. But neither China nor Japan was taken into counsel in regard to that annexation. The *Times* correspondent, telegraphing from Hongkong on June 4, frankly admits that the occupation was viewed with great disapprobation by statesmen in both countries : "Statesmen in China and Japan are opposed to the occupation of Port Hamilton. They complain that they were not consulted, though neighbouring Powers, closely concerned and friendly ; and that they had hitherto relied on the good faith of England. They are surprised at such a step on the part of the Gladstone Ministry, which always professed moderation and justice, and an abhorrence of annexation." They not only complained that their reliance on the abnegation of England was badly requited, but they were under the apprehension that their future would probably be compromised by an act which would provoke a counter-aggression from Russia. Here are the correspondent's words, communicating the prophetic fear which has been justified in less than six weeks : "In their opinion the step is a political *bêtise*, amounting to an invitation to Russia to make a counter-move southwards, which it will now be difficult for England to protest against or resist." What was foreseen is precisely what has happened, and it will now be for the British Government, which has already its hands pretty full, to decide whether to surmount the difficulty, by protesting against or by resisting the Russian counter-move. We are not left in the dark altogether as to the point of view from which men of light and leading in China and in Japan would regard the proposal to combine forces with Great Britain in turning Russia out of Corea. "They believe," says the Hongkong correspondent of the *Times*, "that under pressure England will surrender and retire, leaving China and Japan to face difficulties which England created. When the Afghan difficulty is settled they fear a compact with Russia, on the principle of "Hands off India. *carte blanche* in Farther Asia." There is not much encouragement in this for us to share the hope which prevailed in Hongkong not so many weeks ago, that China and Japan would be strong on our side in a war with Russia. The assurances of which we so recently heard, that if we only counted with confidence on those two Powers, we should be able to sweep the board of all European antagonists seems to rest upon a very doubtful foundation, and this communication from Hongkong itself shows pretty clearly that scepticism is not by any means gratuitous.

We cannot say that we regret that a project, so full of portentous dangers for the not very remote future, does not appear to have much chance of realisation. It is not for the interest of any one of the European Powers to see China organised as a great military empire, and least of all is it for the interest of that Power which holds Hongkong, and exercises an ascendency that is not altogether welcome in the great ports of the Empire. We cannot afford to call a Mongol Frankenstein into existence in the Farther East. The Abbé Huc some years ago pointed out that a Chinese conscription on the scale which gave Imperial France an army of five hundred thousand men, would give China an army of five millions—a force more than sufficient to fight Europe at that time. If anything like universal compulsory military service were introduced, China, so far as weight of legions would go, could fight on equal terms not only Europe and America, but Africa and Oceania as well. It is not worth while to call into existence a military spirit amongst hordes which, if set in motion, would be as irresistible as those of Jenghis Khan, merely to get rid of the annoyance which Russia may be able to give us in the eastern seas or on the Afghan frontier. As for the Port Hamilton incident and its recent pendant, it is to be hoped that the new Government will consider the great interests involved with the greatest care. This does not appear to have been done by the late Government when the order was sent out to occupy Port Hamilton. According to the correspondent whom we have already quoted, the English naval authorities in the Chinese seas disapproved of the step, Admiral Dowell opposing it as a mistake politically and strategically. He was not consulted before the decision was arrived at. Our naval officers in those waters consider that the defence of Port Hamilton will involve the detachment of the portion of a fleet, the erection of fortifications, and a garrison. They very reasonably assert that it is useless to expect the Government to defend Port Hamilton, when they are unable to defend Hongkong and Singapore. Whether it will become more easy to hold Port Hamilton now that it is flanked on both sides by the positions occupied by the Russians, we need not inquire. It would be useless to establish another Gibraltar on mixed marine boom. [illegible] only lead to one or two ports, which might be destroyed by an expedition if the necessity arose, but could not be effectually blockaded. The policy of multiplying coaling stations all over the world is very doubtful. Such stations, if fortified and garrisoned, will absorb a great deal of money, needed for other purposes, and what is perhaps more disadvantageous, will lock up a number of troops which would be better occupied on decisive points. But if they be not fortified, the coals stored in them may furnish the enemy with supplies, or may be destroyed. Instead of adding to the number of posts to be defended merely as coaling depôts, it would probably be better to rely principally upon cruisers by means of steam transports sent out from the great ports, which are or ought to be properly protected at all times.

A CORRESPONDENT, writing from Simla, furnishes us with some interesting details relative to Lady Dufferin's scheme for affording medical instruction to the women of India. Her Excellency has established a fund called the "Countess of Dufferin's Fund for Supplying Female Medical Advice and Instruction to the Women of India," and the idea is to form a Central National Association to be a bond of union between the various local societies. It is not proposed to amalgamate the fund collected specially in each Presidency for the medical training of women, but "I suppose," says our correspondent, "assistance will be given from this central fund for small places in any part of India where the work is started. Native States are invited to assist by having wards attached to hospitals, and I suppose English lady doctors will be invited from home as soon as ever the movement has been taken up in the enthusiastic way necessary for its success ; and Lady Dufferin is most energetic about it, and deserves the assistance of the press and the public. A movement which appeals to all humanity, and which is purely unsectarian in its origin and objects, may and should readily gain the sympathy and funds necessary for ensuring success. Perhaps no scheme has been set on foot before which is so likely to help to raise the women of India as this. In Bombay a good start has already been made, and with the encouragement and energetic support of Lady Dufferin we may hope to see other Presidency towns, and large towns all over India, become training schools for midwives and nurses. Mrs. Ilbert has been giving lessons to a class here, and Lady Dufferin, with Miss Blackwood and Miss Thynne, joined it, and worked at their notes and tried their hands at making beds and poultices, as energetically as any. Lady Dufferin's influence will be great in India. She sets such a good example in these and other matters, that she will certainly succeed in establishing more intimate and friendly relations between English women and the women of the country than have been generally as yet practicable, though with you in Bombay much has been done in that direction already."

THE memorial which the Bombay Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals have sent to the Government of Bombay, praying for the opening of the Veterinary College and Hospital, is sure to meet with careful attention ; we should be glad to be as sure that the Government will consider themselves able to comply with it. A very strong and reasonable case is, indeed, set forth in the memorial, and perhaps it would have been stronger if the Society had pointed out that the retrenchment Resolution, in virtue of which the Government have deferred making a grant for the hospital, scarcely contemplated a withdrawal of expenditure on establishments already in existence. It was aimed rather against new expenditure ; and expenditure on an institution like this, which had long since been sanctioned, a portion of which had already been opened by the Viceroy, and which therefore might well have been treated as an existing establishment, came by no means absolutely within the purview of the Resolution. The local Government have, of course

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

FRESH DEMANDS FROM RUSSIA.

LONDON, JULY 17.

The Russian Government claims strategical positions commanding the Zulfikar Pass, on the ground that the shortest road between Akrobat and the Wells of Er Oilan lies through the Pass.

The Russian Government now wishes to transfer the delimitation of the frontier inquiry from London to the frontier.

THE OPIUM CONVENTION.

The Opium Convention between England and China has been signed.

EARTHQUAKES IN THE PUNJAB.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 17.

A severe shock of earthquake occurred at Murree this morning. Several houses were damaged and a few persons injured, but none killed. Slight shocks were felt in other places in the Punjab during the last two days.

THE EARTHQUAKE IN BENGAL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 17.

Further particulars of the earthquake and loss of lives and property continue to come in.

At Sherpore 25 men are said to have been killed.

At Bogra five men were killed, and an equal number at Dacca.

From Azimgung reports come of the loss of eleven lives by the falling of a masonry building.

At Chinamah the station chaplain had a narrow escape by falling off a cornice of the barracks where he is living.

The tower of a native nobleman's house at Hooghly, measuring 80 feet, has fallen down.

STEAMER COLLISION.

On Wednesday, while the ship Viscount was discharging cargo at her moorings in Garden Reach, the Italian steamer Bormido came into collision with her, causing damage to the Viscount estimated at six or seven thousand rupees. As the matter was one of great emergency, and as the Bormido was on her way downstream, bound for French and Italian ports, Mr. Bonnerjee, barrister, applied yesterday to Mr. Justice Wilson, at the High Court, for an order to arrest her. The application was granted.

SIR LEPEL GRIFFIN AT NEEMUCH.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

NEEMUCH, JULY 17.

Sir Lepel Griffin, Agent to the Governor General for Central India, arrived here by mail-train early this morning. A guard of honour was furnished by the Native Infantry at the railway station, and a salute was fired by the Royal Artillery. He is accompanied by his First Assistant, and is putting up at the house of Captain Meade, Superintendent of Moghias.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO AN OFFICER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 17.

Lieutenant R. Broughton, of the 9th (Queen's Royal) Lancers, died this morning from injuries received in a fall from his horse. He was picked up insensible, but never rallied. He was a fine young fellow and was much liked. His horse bolted and became injured, and was then shot. A native was also hurt.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 17.

Babu Ashutosh Gupta is appointed a Statutory Civilian in Bengal.

Lieutenant Fleming is appointed to the Survey Department.

Major Riddell has obtained three months' leave.

Major Baird officiates for him.

Major Young is appointed Assistant Quarter-Master-General, and Captain Ridgeway Deputy Assistant Quarter-Master-General.

Major Elliston is appointed Assistant Commissary-General, and Captain Nedham Sub-Assistant Commissary-General.

Promotions :—Colonels Hogg and Roome to Major-Generals ; Lieutenant-Colonel Doig to Colonel ; Majors Reade and Cumberlege to Lieutenant-Colonels.

THE JAIN DEPUTATION.

(FROM THE SEC., JAIN ASSOCIATION.)

BOMBAY, JULY 17.

Lord Reay has consented to receive all the members of the deputation in the Council Hall on Saturday at 9 o'clock in the morning.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, JULY 16.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Nudea left here for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo this morning.

ADEN, JULY 16.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. N. Co.'s s.s. Medusa, from Trieste, left here for Bombay to-day.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Almora, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here yesterday evening.

ZANZIBAR, JULY 17.

His Highness the Sultan of Zanzibar's s.s. Avoca reached here yesterday from Bombay, direct.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JULY 16.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed quieter.

Surats quiet.

Good Fair Dhollera ..... 4 13-16.

The London Cotton market has been dull.

The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.

4 per cent. Rupee Paper 76½

4½ " 77½

3 " Consols for account 99

3½ " Sterling Loan 101⅜

4½ " French Rentes 109¼

Bar Silver 49 3-16

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—

Reserve of notes and gold and silver coin in the Banking Department combined, £17,800,000 ; increase, £700,000.

Bills discounted, £22,300,000 ; decrease, £100,000

Bullion total amount in Banking and Issue Department combined, £27,500,000 ; increase, £300,000.

The proportion of the reserve to the liabilities is 4 per cent.

ARTHUR BAVERTOT.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(JULY 17.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

Bangkok to Saigon still interrupted.

Cable, Suakim-Suez and Suakim-Perim interrupted.

SUEZ, July 16.—Mail for Suakim every Friday.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY NIGHT, July 16.

10 p.m. ..... 78·6

FRIDAY, July 17.

6 a.m. ..... 80·4

10 a.m. ..... 82·4

2 p.m. ..... 82·4

4 p.m. ..... 81·2

THE INCOMING MAILS.

The s.s. Malwa, with the outward English mails of the 10th inst., left Suez for Bombay at 1 a. m. yesterday.

THE continuous downpour of the last three days has almost doubled the quantity of rain registered in Bombay this season. Since Tuesday evening the total fall in the Fort has been increased by 8·25 inches ; on the Esplanade by 7·63 inches ; and at Byculla by 9·74 inches. The fall recorded yesterday at the Fort in twenty-four hours has reached 5·63 inches, and at Byculla five inches. This fell mostly during the previous night. Yesterday the rain moderated, but heavy showers came on again at night-time.

AT Broach there fell about four inches of rain on Wednesday night. The anxiety of the public was set at rest by this timely fall. The weather remains cloudy, and there are signs of more rain. Sowing operations, which were at a standstill, have commenced.

IT is announced that a Pinjrapole for diseased and infirm animals, similar to the institution already existing in Bombay, is to be founded in Calcutta. The Jain community belonging to the City of Palaces have subscribed largely, although they are not numerically strong, and to their contribution of Rs. 30,000 the Shravaks in Western India will add, we understand, upwards of Rs. 40,000. The Pinjrapole will be supported by a trifling periodical levy, to which the Shravaks have willingly consented. This movement will do something to remove the recent reproach of a London newspaper that the report of the Calcutta branch of the S. P. C. A. belied the general impression that the Hindoo is exceptionally kind to the brute creation.

A CORRESPONDENT asks us to state that Mr. Lildhur Ramchandra Sookul, of Broach, was not a Municipal Commissioner at the time he was fined for a trivial offence against the sanitary regulations. The conviction was in August, 1883, whereas he was elected a Commissioner in October, 1884. Another correspondent points out that the offence, trivial though it was, could not have been overlooked by the authorities under Government Resolution No. 7757 of 30th September, 1884. This we have never disputed. But the fact that a gentleman could be disqualified for municipal service by a two-rupees fine shows how necessary it is that a regulation under which such an absurdity is possible should be modified.

IT is stated that the Marquis of Thomar, the Portuguese Ambassador at the Vatican, will shortly retire with the title of Duke. Senhor Martins Ferrao will probably succeed him. A correspondent remarks that the retirement of the present Ambassador must have been forced upon him by the strained relations at which the Lisbon Court and the Holy See have arrived in their negotiations respecting the Padroado question. The choice of Senhor Martins Ferrao, who is an eminent lawyer and belongs to the Ministerial party, implies that the Ministry is prepared to go to all lengths if the question is not settled satisfactorily. A tough struggle is looming in the future, and a schism is not an improbable contingency of the issue. This latter assertion, however, we are disposed to doubt.

THE Lahore paper learns that there is a chance, after all, of Sir Charles Aitchison's idea of a Punjab Medical College, with full power to grant medical degrees, being realised. It is expected that Local Boards and Municipalities will support the scheme ; and the Punjab Government, in spite of financial pressure, is determined that it shall not fall through for want of State aid. Here is an example for the Bombay Government, who have a still greater opportunity in regard to the Exhibition project.

THE *Civil and Military Gazette* publishes the following :—"Our only Ameer's latest notion is to become a landed proprietor within the limits of British territory. His Highness, Abdul Rahman, proposes to build a mosque and serai at Peshawur ; and has sounded the Indian Government as to the possibility of establishing a jurisdiction of his own within the land acquired. An Afghan Alsatia at Peshawur would be rather an inconvenience from the British point of view ; but no doubt an effort will be made to fall in with the Ameer's wishes. We are very complaisant with our only Ameer."

THE cholera shows sign of disappearing from Billimora. A correspondent informs us that the services of a *dhoonwarvalla* of renown were recently secured by the fishermen in order that they might learn from him how to check the progress of the epidemic. This sage, after much meditation, advised the fishermen as follows :—(1) Not to shut the doors of their houses, as they were wont to do on such occasions, but to keep them wide open for the free passage of air. (2) For a week not to permit any butchers to expose mutton for public sale. (3) Not to make sea voyages for the same period. (4) To make daily ablutions of their bodies. (5) Finally, that no kind of fish be exposed for sale in the bazaar. Taking the advice of the sage to heart they ordered all the butchers to stop slaughtering even a lambkin. The butchers, under the pain of being beaten by the fishermen, accordingly ceased their supplies, and fish could not be had anywhere. By acting in conformity with this advice the cholera has been almost banished.

IT is reported from Moscow that the Censor of the Press has issued a circular forbidding the papers to make any reference to the future action of Russia regarding the Afghan frontier. The discussion of the annexation of Meruchak is specially prohibited.

APPLICATION has been made to the Belgian Jockey Club by a Liege lady, Madame Stroobants, for permission to ride in gentlemen's races. She declares that in the event of her application not being entertained she will go to the scales and insist on her right to be weighed as a jockey in the ordinary course. She has entered a horse of her own in the Prix des Dames at Louvain, and declares her intention of riding ! No indication is given of how she intends to overcome the breeches and boots difficulty, or what she will do about colours.

AMONG the equipages at the Fête des Fleurs, in Paris, one not the least remarked was a low invalid's carriage drawn by two enormous sheep. The occupant and owner of this vehicle is M. de Kéroy, a nephew and former secretary of Lamartine, and who, in his career, has distinguished himself as a soldier, traveller, journalist, and author. During the siege of Paris he went up in a balloon to carry despatches, but was almost frozen to death, and only escaped with the loss of both legs. He now resides in Passy and was a neighbour of Victor Hugo, who frequently stopped to caress the two sheep, and one New Year's day addressed to him some complimentary lines on his "team of muttons."

DR. WALSH, the new Roman Catholic Archbishop of Dublin, whose election (a correspondent writes) was to be formally declared on the 13th inst., is the son of a watchmaker in Parliament street, Dublin. He was educated in the Catholic Seminary, Harcourt-street. He was an expert in canon law, and was a leading witness in the action of Father O'Keeffe against Bishop Moran, now Cardinal Archbishop of Sydney, when the latter represented Cardinal Cullen, the Papal Legate, who was endeavouring to obliterate the privileges of the clergy in the interest of the Vatican and at the instigation of the Castle Government, which desired to Italianise the clergy in order to get it better into leading strings. He was also a prominent witness on the Bessborough Land Commission. The struggle made by Mr. Errington at Rome to get Dr. Walsh's election vetoed by the Pope, was intended to avert the reversal of the work carried out amid so much odium by the two previous Archbishops, who obeyed with equal subserviency the orders of the Castle and those of Rome.

Apropos of Port Hamilton the *St. James's Gazette* says :—The grumble from Hongkong in Tuesday's *Times* is not unnatural. Why, the abandoned Britons in those regions ask, do you go about annexing Port Hamilton, when you can't or won't protect us ? The new acquisition will demand "the detachment of a portion of the fleet, fortifications, and a garrison." Where are these luxuries to come from ? "The works on Hongkong and Singapore defences are practically at a standstill." The Hongkong ratiocination is indisputable ; but would not the views of the discontented resident be met by the despatch of an additional naval force to Chinese waters, and the expenditure of a substantial sum on the fortifications of Hongkong and Port Hamilton ? If one only is to be efficiently held, let it be Hongkong by all means. But why not hold both ? Be this decided as it may, it would be well in future not to let the Russians buy *all* the Welsh coal in Yokohama, and reduce the Queen's ships to Japanese coal and patent fuel, involving a loss of "two knots an hour and a dense smoke." That part of the grumble is quite legitimate.

WHEN an Anglo-Indian, who confesses that unfortunately for himself he is in receipt of a fixed salary, can pronounce for cheap silver, we are bound to listen to him, if only for his disinterestedness. A correspondent of a Calcutta paper challenges the bi-metallists to show how it would be advantageous for India that silver, which she buys as a commodity, and for the purposes of currency, should be made dearer—how it would be better for India that for a certain quantity of her produce sold in England for, say, £100 in gold, she should obtain a quantity of silver producing only one thousand rupees, instead of a quantity of silver producing twelve hundred rupees. And then he sums up the whole controversy by roundly asserting that "if India were a self-governed country, and there were no Anglo-Indians, the Exchange question, as it is now being expounded, would never have been heard of. Instead of the people of this country being alarmed at the fall in the value of silver, they would have viewed it with satisfaction, inasmuch as every fall would have resulted in their obtaining more of the metal which is the money of their country, for the produce which is the result of their labour." How long Anglo-Indian, drawing their salary in rupees, could bring themselves to look at the question in this light ?

THE July number of the *Fortnightly Review* contains an article on Local Self-Government which is understood to represent Mr. Chamberlain's views on the subject. The writer contends that in the English counties we find a threefold chaos of rate, area, and authority, and that, as the country has been partitioned into political districts for political purposes it must be so divided for administrative purposes. In these administrative divisions there must be a single authority, based on household suffrage, and over the smaller authorities there should be a county council, to deal with the larger interests, such as highroads, asylums, and prisons, which all parts of a county have in common. A full account is given of the administration of Ireland, and it is strongly urged that the continuance of such a system is unjust to Ireland, useless to England, and dangerous to both. The problem runs side by side with that of lightening by readjusting the work of Parliament, and has the same solution. There should be national councils in England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales dealing with local matters which were too large for the county boards. To these councils the complete control of local administration might be given. Private bill legislation for Ireland, and Scotland might by this means be transferred to Dublin and Edinburgh. This would secure a rational division of the duties and labours of Government. It would be the beginning of a new life for Ireland and for each of the four countries—for Wales would gladly accept the kind of autonomy it offered—it would be as great a boon to the governors as to the governed.

THE *Civil and Military Gazette*, writing on the proposed copyright of twenty-four hours in foreign telegrams, says :—"The general reader may perhaps feel little interest in the matter ; but he is indirectly affected, and it may be as well to make it clear. If, as things stand now, an Anglo-Indian newspaper were to spend a large sum daily in getting telegrams from Europe, fuller and more intelligent than Reuter's, its enterprise would be wasted and thrown away. Other newspapers, in other parts of India, would reap the benefit. The first paper—published, say, in Bombay—pays £5 for a telegram from England." If our Lahore contemporary thinks that a big telegram from England can be obtained for £5, he is very much mistaken. He continues :—"Directly the telegram is published in Bombay, the correspondent of a Calcutta paper, for a few rupees, telegraphs it on to Calcutta, where it is published long before the Bombay paper arrives by post. If such telegrams were adequately protected, the paper which obtained them from England would get the credit, and the reward, no doubt, of increased circulation and popularity. In their new Copyright Bill, the Government proposes to protect foreign telegrams for twenty-four hours. This would be all very well for a newspaper with only a local or limited circulation. A paper published at Delhi could monopolise its own telegrams in Meerut ; but if telegraphed down to Madras, and published there twenty-four hours afterwards, they would still appear before the Delhi paper could arrive by post. The obvious remedy—if the Government wishes to apply a remedy—is to protect a telegram from publication in any particular place for a certain number of hours, *plus* the time it would take to reach that place by post. An arrangement of this kind would benefit the newspaper and its readers alike."

MILITARY NEWS.

MAJOR L. T. BISHOP, 2nd Punjab Cavalry, has resigned his appointment as Deputy Assistant Commissary-General for Transport, and reverts to regimental duty.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, July 16.—The barometric decrease, so general throughout India yesterday, has continued over the greater part of the country, but has been succeeded by a recovery in North-western India. The distribution is almost unaltered, but the disturbances noticed yesterday have become slighter. The general direction of the winds is about normal, westerly winds prevailing over the peninsula, southerly over the head of the Bay, and south-easterly up the Gangetic plain. The rainfall of the Konkan, the Berars, Khandesh, and the Deccan has improved, the fall being both heavier and more general. In Sind and parts of Guzerat and the Punjab there is still no rain. Rain to-day :—Delhi and Meerut, 3 inches ; Ranikhet and Roorkee, 2 inches ; Mussoorie, Agra, Silchar, Seoni, Pachmarhi, Amraoti, Surat, Bombay, Sholapore, Secunderabad, Mangalore, Mercara, and Akyab, over 1 inch. Previously :—Alligarh, 3 inches ; Naini Tal, Gauhati, and Hoshungabad, over 1 inch.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Colaba. In. cts.	Fort. In. cts.	Esplanade. In. cts.	Byculla, In. cts.
Previously registered.	11 53	13 74	13 27	16 93
July 16, Thursday.....	5 63	.....	.....	.....
" 17, Friday.....	.....	4 32	4 17	4 92
Total.....	17 19	18 06	17 44	21 85
Corresponding date last year	28 5	32 45	30 74	30 98

THE WEATHER ALONG THE COAST

(July, 17, 1885.)

THE following information regarding the state of the weather at different ports round the coast and Kurrachee to Madras is compiled from the latest returns received by telegram at the Meteorological Office :—

STATIONS.	Barometer. At 10 a.m. reduced to 32° F. and Sea level.	Thermo. in Shade. Reading at 10 a.m.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Velocity at 10 a.m.	Rain fall.
	Ins.	Dgs.		Miles.	Ins.
Kurrachee..	·521	89·5	W3W	30	0·00
Surat.....	·594	85·6	NW	F	0·00
Bombay	·653	82·4	WNW	16	6·34
Rutnagherry	·705	79·3	WSW	22	0·48
.....	·709	81·1	W	F	0·51
Mangalore..	·826	82·4	W	6	0·10
Calicut.....	·857	78·6	W	10	0·00
Cochin	·883	82·0	NNW	L	0·00
Masulipatam	·598	84·8	NW	16	0·00
Madras	·746	88·8	W	17	0·00
Negapatam..	·803	88·3	SW	8	0·00

HIGH COURT.—JULY 17.

(Before the CHIEF JUSTICE and Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

THE NICOL MILL CASE.

THE LAND MORTGAGE BANK OF INDIA *vs.* AHMEDBHOY HUBIBBHOY.

MR. MACPHERSON, instructed by Messrs. Tobin and Roughton for the appellant, asked leave to withdraw the appeal to the Privy Council in this case, and to have the moneys deposited in court by the appellant to be returned. The application, the learned counsel said, was made with the consent of the other side. The case was in the first instance heard before Sir Charles Sargent, who gave an injunction against the defendant, the proprietor of the Nicol Mill, situated near the Grant Buildings, the property of the plaintiff, to restrain him from causing a nuisance by the smoke and dust issuing from the mill, and to pay Rs. 40,000 as damages if the nuisance was continued. An appeal from that decision by the plaintiff was heard before Mr. Justice Bayley and Mr. Justice West, who continued the injunction, but reduced the alternative damages to Rs. 1,000. The plaintiff, not satisfied with the judgment of the Appeal Court, had obtained permission to appeal to the Privy Council. The applicant made to-day was for leave to withdraw that appeal, and it was granted.

THE NEW GREAT EASTERN SPINNING MILL AGENCY.

LILLADHUR SHAMJEE *vs.* BUCHOOBAI AND ANOTHER.

MR. MACPHERSON, Mr. Jardine, and Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Hore, Conroy, and Brown, appeared for Lilladhur ; and the Hon'ble Mr. Latham and Mr. Kirkpatrick, instructed by Messrs. Little. Smith, Frere, and Nicholson, for Buchoobai. This was an appeal and a cross-appeal from a judgment given in this suit by Mr. Justice Hart on the 3rd October, 1884.

The suit was brought by Buchoobai, widow and executrix of the will of Hormusjee Nowrojee Suklatwalla, who prayed for a declaration that she was entitled to a share of 60 per cent. in the firm of Vunmaldas Jugjeevun Shamjee and Company, and to a like share in the commission earned and to be earned by the firm so long as it continued to carry on the agency business of the New Great Eastern Spinning and Weaving Company ; that in the alternative the rights of the plaintiff in the like capacity may be declared ; that the defendant, as representing the estate of the late Shamjee Jadowjee, may be decreed to pay to the plaintiff the share of Hormusjee Nowrojee Saklatwalla in the commission already accrued, due, &c. At the close of a long inquiry, Mr. Justice Hart made the following decree in the suit :—Declare that the partnership was dissolved from the date of the death of Saklatwalla on the 30th November, 1882 ; refer it to the Commissioner to take the accounts of such partnership down to that date ; declare that the plaintiff is entitled to what, on the taking of such account, may be found to be due to the estate of Saklatwalla in respect of his 60 per cent. share in the partnership ; order the Commissioner forthwith to sell the goodwill of the partnership by public auction, with liberty to the parties to bid, and let the Commissioner apply the proceeds towards defraying the expenses of and incidental to such sale ; declare that the plaintiff is entitled to 60 per cent. of the surplus proceeds after such application, and the defendant to 40 per cent., &c. ; reserve further consideration and costs. Leave to apply.

Lilladhur appealed from the above decree, on the ground among others that the learned judge was wrong in considering that there was any good-will forming an asset of the partnership, in which the plaintiff had any interest ; or that if there was any such good-will he ought to have held that it was of no value ; that the judge was wrong in directing that the value of the good-will should be ascertained by a sale under the circumstances ; that it was an unfair mode ; that the judge ought to have held that the good-will was not saleable, etc. In the cross-appeal, Buchoobai said, among other things, that the judge ought to have held that she, as representing the estate of Saklatwalla ; was entitled to a share of 60 per cent. in the profits of and commission earned by the firm of Vunmaldas Jugjeewun and Company after the date of the death of Saklatwalla, so long as Shamjee Jadowjee should carry on the business of the firm, and its name, and employ its good-will and capital, etc. ; that the judge was wrong in making the right of the plaintiff to participate in the profits and commission earned by the firm after the death of Saklatwalla to depend upon the price which the good will should sell for upon the same being put up for sale by public auction, etc.

The hearing of the appeal was proceeded with.

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MR. COLQUHOUN ON ENGLAND, INDIA AND CHINA.

THE following memorandum on the effect of the recent struggle between France and China has been drawn up by Mr. Colquhoun who was in the remoter East during its progress :—

The real outcome of the Franco-Chinese war will probably be something never dreamt of in the plans of either belligerent. France thought to intimidate China into the surrender of her claims over an immense territory which would otherwise be an easy conquest for French arms. China has obliged France to make the conquest in fact instead of taking it for granted, and it has been done imperfectly and at a heavy sacrifice, while France has during the process been much disillusionised as to the value of the prize. The country annexed has a rich delta but in the most part uninhabitable by French people and France will merely have the task of administering the government with profit or loss as fortune may determine, for the benefit of the natives and strangers especially the Chinese. And if France has gone near to dislocating her whole military system for a worthless object the Chinese on their part have drained their treasuries nominally in defence of a territory which they had already ceded by treaty and which intrinsically was of little value to them.

But the war has opened a new chapter of international history which it is safe to presume was not in the contemplation of either party to the struggle. What was sure to happen some day in the ordinary course of commercial and colonial development has been much accelerated by the French proceedings in Tonquin and China—the shifting of the political centre of gravity, the opening of a new and larger Eastern question, and the resumption in the Pacific of the struggle for pre-eminence which was carried on a century ago in the Atlantic (See Professor Seeley). In the coming strife England must in spite of herself play a leading part since the material interests of the British Empire will be the heaviest stake in the game. It is even conceivable that the fate of the Empire itself may be eventually decided in the Eastern Seas ; and it is a question that concerns all Englishmen in the mother-country and India and the Colonies, and indeed all English-speaking people, whether English statesmen will rise to the occasion, bringing courage, faith and intelligence to bear on the direction of affairs, whether they will instruct the people in their true interests and responsibilities or whether in a lukewarm, pettifogging, and parsimonious spirit they will continue as heretofore to humble England before the nations and finally cause her to drop out of the rank of Great Powers.

The force which is most constantly if silently in motion in this Eastern question of the future, the factor which can always be reckoned on with certainty, is the irrepressible but not unnatural ambition of Russia which impels her incessantly from the Arctic forests towards the open sea, a movement which presses on Turkey, on Persia, on India, and on China in a continuous line of front extending 7,000 geographical miles from the Bosphorus to the Pechelee Gulf or Yellow Sea. Obstacles may retard but centuries do not change that movement which is a steady as that of a glacier.

The ambition of France though continuous in idea, is spasmodic and incoherent in action and being in an exceptional sense subject to the caprice of parties and individuals who delight in discrediting each other's policy and being fettered in Europe will count for little in the general struggle. But to France herself the position she has created in Tonquin is one of grave concern. The year that has passed has changed the situation fundamentally and though to outward appearance France and China have come back to the point at which they stood on 11th May 1884 when the Li-Fournier convention was signed the circumstances are wholly different now. Then China thought she was under the heel of France and made her submission without testing her strength. Had France been able to conserve her prestige she might have consolidated her authority unquestioned in Tonquin, and China would have acquiesced in France's own estimate of herself as an irresistible power. Or she might challenged to actual combat, if she had dealt a prompt and crushing blow without giving China time to organise resistance she might still have saved her prestige and so secured her position in Tonquin without putting her military strength further to the proof. The method actually followed has been widely different from this. France has kept up a desultory and exasperating warfare which by far from humbling China has only taxed her feel her own strength. The campaign has indeed been neither more nor less than a valuable military education for the Chinese, and although obliged to stop for the present for want of money and on account of the threatening attitude of Russia China is now thoroughly convinced of her ability to reconquer all her lost territories both on the Amur and in Tonquin. Furthermore the Tonquin question has been forced on the attention of the Chinese people in such a way as to rally their newly awakened patriotism to the support of the Government in its resolution to recover the temporarily ceded territory. China has always shewn herself tenacious of an idea and from the day of the signing of the "definitive treaty" the recovery of Tonquin will be a settled policy with her just as the recovery of Alsace-Lorraine became the fixed idea of French patriots from the signing of the Treaty of Versailles. A nation that reckons its chronology by millenniums has some staying power, and does not become oblivious in one generation.

It appears then that France has placed herself in a highly disadvantageous position in seizing a territory, possessing a frontier line some 300 miles in length conterminous with an empire of 300 millions of people whom she has converted from shopkeepers and labourers to soldiers while stirring up in them feelings of hatred towards the French. Tonquin may yet become a millstone round the neck of France, for she cannot abandon the new acquisition without lowering her reputation and it may be disastrous to attempt to hold it without very large forces. A Chinese Army of 100,000 men with drill and new arms hanging like a avalanche over the passes of Kwangsi and Yunnan will compel France to spend much money in fortification and to maintain large military establishments on a large scale for many years to come. It may be conducive to the peace of Europe that France should be thus engaged, but the situation of her Indo-Chinese Empire is one to cause serious reflection to French statesmen.

The pregnant fact emerging out of all this embroglio which most concerns England and the world is the renascence of the military spirit in China. Hitherto the Chinese have not considered their army capable of meeting before European troops, but they have now proved to themselves and the world in a hard-fought campaign that they cannot only make a respectable resistance but are able to rally their beaten forces and for a time at least roll back the tide of war ; and they have now seen the proudest nation in Europe accept from them terms of peace on the morrow of a serious reverse which Chinese opinion not inexcusably magnified into a disaster. And it must be borne in mind that the Chinese armies in Tonquin and Formosa were chiefly raw levies taken from the field and placed undrilled in the front where they learnt whatever they knew of military art. Their "regulars" were always kept in the north ready for Russia. If under such circumstances the Chinese were not elated they would be something less or more than human. And the pride which has been flushed by these successes chafes at the sudden cessation of hostilities in the very height of their victory and the martial ardour of the nation may prove for another decade.

It has often been remarked during the past year and been a favorite argument with Frenchmen especially that if France failed to chastise them the Chinese would become more and more insolent, and that the other foreign power—England always understood—would be forced to take the task in hand. So far as England is concerned, at all events, I say God forbid ! It would be a lamentable finale to Disraeli's whole chapter of blundering and bloodshed were England to drift into a conflict with the rising power of China. So plain has the identity of interests between the two empires become that to the better instructed among the Chinese the fear of English aggression is no longer a bugbear, and they are becoming more and more alive to the danger common to both countries in the constant westward progress of Russia which looms a threatening cloud broods over the whole northern frontier of China, Afghanistan, Persia and Armenia. There is probably no internal power in Russia itself to arrest this movement, even were it desired to do so, so long as she is bringing under subjection inferior races. Russia is simply obeying a law of sun-ward gravitation and following the course of her national development which must progress until it comes in contact with the development of other nations stronger and better than herself. Russia must have sea-board and ports from where she can cripple the commerce of England. It is annoying that empires will not make a virtue of disparaging and belittling their country few will deny that English civilization with all its faults, is better than Russian, and more in harmony with the modern spirit. The voice which once called on England to emulate Russia's good deeds, having no further need of such a cry, has, it may charitably be presumed, relegated the doctrine it expressed to Jupiter or Saturn. If therefore it becomes a question whether Russia or England is to be predominant in Asia it would be an excess of modesty for England to give way before the absolutely insatiable ambition of the Northern Power. Nor as regards China, is there any reason why the world at large should wish to see Russian domination either on the soil of China Proper or of her dependencies. The Government of China is not considered a work of absolute necessity, the bungalow as it stands at present being, in the opinion of Veterinary Surgeon Steel, whose services have been offered by the Military Department for employment as superintendent of the college, and who visited the place recently, suited for temporary use for teaching purposes. Then, again, the proposal of the commission, viz, to grant a monthly stipend to each of the students at the college, might be dispensed with ; for there are many young men eager to get admission to the college as soon as it is opened, either as free students or on payment, and it may be safely assumed that the number of applicants will not decrease. In conclusion, your Lordship's memorialists venture to hope that so distinguished an educationist as your Excellency will readily admit the necessity of spreading a knowledge of veterinary science throughout the Presidency, thereby conferring a great blessing upon dumb creatures, and that your Excellency in Council will kindly reconsider the question, and after revising (if necessary) the scale of the proposed monthly expenditure, viz, Rs. 1,520 for the college, will consider the establishment of the institution as an exception to the general order for retrenchments, and will graciously order an immediate working of this much-desired institution, which will enable the society to begin simultaneously the working of the Bai Sakarbai Dinshaw Petit Hospital for Animals.

THE HOSPITAL FOR ANIMALS AT PAREL.

THE Bombay Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals has addressed a Memorial to Lord Reay with respect to the Hospital for Animals and Veterinary College at Parel, which Lord Dufferin opened soon after landing in India. The Hon. L. H. Bayley, president of the Society, and Mr. K. M. Shroff, the secretary, state that the intimation from Government that, in pursuance of the "instructions received from the Government of India, enjoining the exercise of the strictest economy in all departments . . . the project for the establishment of a veterinary college and hospital at Bombay must be deferred," has discouraged not only the members of the society, but that large section of the native public of Bombay in general, and the contributors to the funds of the society in particular, who have been anxiously waiting for the last three years to see the hospital started, and for which they have generously placed at the disposal of the society such ample funds. The petition continues :—While your memorialists admit that it is desirable for State purposes to observe strict economy in all departments and to put off new works, they respectfully submit that your Excellency in Council on further considering this important subject of the college and hospital will be convinced that an immediate working of the proposed college will undoubtedly be an economy in the long run ; for at the college it is intended to prepare a number of natives for the purpose of administering relief to suffering dumb animals, chiefly in Mofussil towns and agricultural districts. It is roughly calculated that thousands of heads of cattle perish annually in agricultural districts for want of competent and adequate curative treatment. At times cattle plagues work a great havoc, and poor cultivators are totally deprived of their cattle, and are compelled to give up ploughing operations. A native quack here and there, having a very imperfect knowledge of curing common diseases of animals, is all they have to fall back upon. A loss of cattle in some of the agricultural districts for want of adequate veterinary treatment entails a loss of crop, and consequently a loss to the revenue of the State on account of the poverty of the cultivators. Men having a thorough knowledge of veterinary science, and capable of successfully treating ordinary diseases which animals in this country generally suffer from, have been a long-felt desideratum in agricultural districts. To supply this want is not only a blessing, but a policy. It will prevent the revenue of the State from falling off in consequence of the untimely death of a large number of cattle from sheer want of curative treatment.

Your memorialists also beg most respectfully to draw the attention of your Excellency in Council to the great desirability of having a class of natives well versed in veterinary science, who could prove themselves useful at times when the Government of India is obliged to send expeditions to the frontiers and elsewhere in Her Majesty's vast dominions. A large number of transport animals are employed on such occasions. The qualified veterinary surgeons attached to the regiments forming the expedition are not numerous, and they are but inadequately assisted by subordinates grounded in the principles of veterinary science. To order out a sufficient number of qualified veterinary surgeons from England would be expensive, and perhaps impracticable, since a requisite number of these professional gentlemen may not be obtainable even in Great Britain. This want of proper supervision over transport animals has often resulted in great hardships ; and it was said that something like 60,000 camels perished at the time of the last Afghan war from various causes. This shows that the existence of a class of native graduates in veterinary science may not only prove beneficial to the agricultural interest, but in time of emergency Government might, to their no small advantage, command their services, and through their instrumentality might effect a saving to the State of a very large sum.

Your memorialists venture to suggest that in accordance with instructions from the Government of India in regard to observing the strictest economy, the initial outlay of Rs. 15,000, sanctioned by your Excellency's predecessor for the purpose of making certain alterations in the bungalow, before using it as a college, might for the present be deferred, as it is not considered a work of absolute necessity, the bungalow as it stands at present being, in the opinion of Veterinary Surgeon Steel, whose services have been offered by the Military Department for employment as superintendent of the college, and who visited the place recently, suited for temporary use for teaching purposes. Then, again, the proposal of the commission, viz, to grant a monthly stipend to each of the students at the college, might be dispensed with ; for there are many young men eager to get admission to the college as soon as it is opened, either as free students or on payment, and it may be safely assumed that the number of applicants will not decrease.

SMALL CAUSES COURT.—JULY 17.

(Before Mr. W. E. HART, Chief Judge.)

ACTION AGAINST A PARSEE ACTOR.

FRAMJEE DADABHOY APOO *vs.* NOWROJEE DHUNJEEBHOY.

THE plaintiff in this suit sought to recover the sum of Rs. 702 from the defendant, who is the principal of a theatrical club, the claim being for a number of silk dresses supplied for defendant for theatrical purposes, and also for rent due for the use and occupation of the Victoria Theatre.

Mr. Rustomjee Patel appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Dhairyaan, barrister-at-law, for the defendant.

On the 15th instant the plaintiff applied and obtained a short-date summons, on the ground that the defendant was shortly to leave Bombay for Kurrachee by the steamer. The only moveable property belonging to the defendant consisted of theatrical dresses and stage scenes, which he had packed up with the view of removing them from Bombay. The plaintiff stated that the defendant's company generally go on a tour through the native States, and if he leaves the jurisdiction of the court, there is no likelihood of his returning to Bombay within a short time. The defendant had actually prepared to remove all his moveable property from the jurisdiction of the court, with intent to avoid or delay the execution of the decree that might be passed against him.

The defendant denied the claim, and also his signature to the acknowledgment of the rent due, and stated that the plaintiff was his partner in the theatrical company.

The hearing of the case was adjourned.

HYDERABAD POLO TOURNA

every sect, and of every class in the Empire. An event which has happened only four times in our national history could not in any case fail to be of interest; it is not rash to prophesy that the fourth will be the most joyful of all, and that the coming jubilee will be entitled to pleasant remembrance when all who now discuss its prospects, and all who shall share in its enjoyments have passed away.—*Globe.*

THE MORAL ASPECT OF THE PARIS POISONING CASE.

THE career of Albert Pel, who has just been condemned to death in Paris—nominally for one murder, but really for murdering five or six women in succession with revolting cruelty—deserves notice, as in some ways unique in the long annals of crime; but it has rather a moral than an intellectual interest. Pel seems to have been a man belonging to a type common enough everywhere, and very frequently found in criminal records. Nero was among men probably the most perfect embodiment of it. This is the man of some ability, some information, great assurance, great reluctance to work except at his own wish, and a feebly inquisitive and artistic nature, shown in Pel's case in a desultory fondness for experiments in chemistry and electricity, and in a certain capacity for music, which he gratified by costly purchases, and which, if, as is reported, he were a cousin of Berlioz, the composer, whose autobiography we related last week, may have been hereditary. He was a watch-maker rather above his position, and so respectable externally that one of his wives was a lady. He must, from the fact of his life, have had a certain attraction for women, due, probably, as in Pesce's case—who, like him, was a musician and a dabbler in mechanics—to his tongue, for he was physically a thin, puny man, with peering eyes, a sinister expression, and a chin so receding as to be noticeable. He had a certain cleverness, and defended himself fairly well; but there was nothing exceptional in his mind except a cynical hardness, shown in cool remarks after his mother's death, and brutal witticisms after his third murder. There was nothing weird, of interest in the method he adopted, except its lowness of motive and its satanic treachery. He is called a great poisoner; but he was rather a great thief. He never appears to have committed crime except for money and he never murdered or robbed anybody except the women of his own household—probably because their deaths would least of all imperil his personal safety. Whenever he wanted cash, he looked round for some woman with a little; and if she were not already in his own house, he enticed her there by professions of love, and then killed her and took the money. His own mother, according to the French police, was his first victim, then his first wife, then his second wife—who, however, after taking some doses of arsenic, fled for her life and disappeared—then a mistress named Eliza Bohmer, upon whose case the jury pronounced their verdict, then a second mistress, and then a servant-maid. The object in every case was a small sum of money, never, except in the mother's instance, exceeding £100; and the method was always the same—continuous doses of arsenic. Generally he buried his victim in the usual way, but once he burned her body: and the evidence of that fact formed one of the many circumstances which led to his conviction, and which induced the jury to refuse the usual rider of "extenuating circumstances." There was nothing intelligent in his use of arsenic, the most indestructible of poisons; nothing out of the ordinary way in his defence, which was in substance that the evidence was insufficient; and nothing, we fear, extraordinary even in his treachery. The men who have been convicted of murder to gain insurance-money have always selected their female dependants as victims; the horrible couple convicted in Paris a few years ago of murdering for clothes, limited themselves to applicants for places; and the wretched Viennese Schenk, whose history we related twelve months since, and who killed sixteen women, got them all into his power by promising marriage to servant-girls, suggesting elopements, and murdering them at the point on the road where they were to meet him for departure. The choice in all these cases was regulated by the powerlessness of the victims. They say that the continuous passion for human flesh always betrayed by tigers which have tasted it, and which are therefore put down in Indian villages as "man-slayers," is not caused by liking for the flesh at all—indeed, it gives them mange—but by the conviction they acquire from their new experience that man is the easiest victim of his size, that he has no horns to push or hoofs to strike with, and that he never attempts to bite. Tigers fight, but dislike fighting; and deliberate criminals are like the tiger, and choose the weakest, as offering the fewest chances either of escape or of reprisals.

The true point of interest in Albert Pel's personality is the proof he affords of the strength of greed as a passion when developed in callous natures, and the way in which, if indulged, it indurates those natures till they seem hardly human. Englishmen, criminal lawyers and Judges excepted, have a customary idea—sometimes exceedingly strong—that the greed which develops theft is not one of the stronger passions, that it is merely acquisitiveness in excess, and that magistrates and lawgivers are always a little too hard in their treatment of it. They have a notion that a thief is the most redeemable of characters, and that there is something partly sordid in the zeal with which property is protected, often more carefully than the person. They scarcely understand great bitterness against theft, and almost believe that a thief may have that vice alone. They are wrong. The great old legislators, Moses, and Munoo, and Gautama, knew human nature better, when they pronounced so strongly against covetousness, ranking it among the overmastering sins; and so do modern lawyers when they punish theft so sharply, though they defend themselves in a different way by pleading the welfare of society. Theft is a great deal nearer to murder than Englishmen suppose, and greed indulged becomes an overmastering lust. In uncivilised communities the two always go together, the bandit killing the victim when he resists or when disappointed with his gains; and in civilised communities greed is the cause of more murders than all other causes put together. White persons taught Christianity in childhood are constantly committing murder for gain only. Hardly any breach of law so rapidly indurates the heart. There is no man so continuously cruel as the slave-catcher, whose motive is greed alone, except the brigand, who also is seeking only gain, and who will cut his victim up bit by bit if the ransom is not paid. No kind of continuousness in murdering—which, suppose we may take to be the last worst sign of indignation—ever has any other motive. The really great villains—like Palmer, and worse examples on the Continent—are always actuated by the hope of gain, which rises in such men to a passion that blinds them to all consequences, and makes the suffering of their victims of absolutely no account. Experienced heads of prisons say that the ... habitual swindler is of all men the most irr... habitual ... are cruel and reckless ... inable; and men" of their So... that of all men who ... fairly, are ... ... life, the "sports- ... ern cities, even when they play ... are worst. They will kill sooner than ...ve dollars. We should say that the true objection to gambling—otherwise the only offence which we know to be one, yet cannot exactly prove to be criminal—is the cruelty it begets, the entire indifference to the losses, and therefore sufferings, of another, which the habitual gambler, if he is to have any happiness at all, must cultivate in himself. He cannot go on gambling if he pities the loser. A compassionate gambler—we mean, of course, a conscious gambler, always seeking money and not excitement—cannot exist; he would be almost a contradiction in terms. Greed, in fact, of all passions, kills out mercy quickest and builds equilibrium most rapidly, and therefore in callous natures, the one most likely to lead to murder. There is every reason why it should be so. The thief—we use the word to cover every description of criminal for gain except the bravo—differs from all other criminals in this,—that his gratification comes after his crime, is long continued, and interferes, therefore, with his instinctive remorse. He must, too, repeat it constantly, that is, must perpetually harden his heart against and perpetually enjoy his grains just when the crime is freshest in his mind. Pel always enjoyed his money purchased by murder in a few months of pecuniary ease, and just when he woke out of that trance of relief from poverty, had to begin murdering again. There is, in fact, no impulse to evil which in continuousness of provocation quite equals greed. That it operates differently in different natures, is true; but in the evil natures for which the laws were made, it is a cruel impelling force. Anthony Trollope—who, if he had not quite the insight to penetrate the human heart, had observed men closely—detected this relation between greed and cruelty; and in two separate novels, "Can You Forgive Her?" and "Sir Harry Hotspur,"—the latter, a half-finished sketch but little read,—his bad men betray a constantly springing wish to murder in order to gain or escape losing some consideration of value. He wrote for an English audience, and would go no further than a wish; but the history of crime unhappily does not stop there. There are reasons for the Tenth Commandment which the English world in its easy-going kindliness has forgotten, as they have forgotten why good men of old held gluttony to be a crime. Gluttony can destroy the mind worse than drinking; and Albert Pel was only a "covetous" man with a hardened heart.—*Spectator.*

SAFEGUARD AGAINST WITCHCRAFT.

A CORRESPONDENT of a New York paper writes:—Mrs. Raymond Reichard is the wife of a well-known citizen of Strausstown, near which place five children were recently reported to have been bewitched. It is an isolated locality in the Blue Mountains, where the people are still wedded to the old superstitions, including witchcraft, charms, and magic-spells. Several old women, who have a reputation as wonder workers, or Hexa (in German), are still regularly consulted by those who believe in their potent charms. They put the utmost faith in the acts and supernatural powers of the alleged witches. The Reichards lived in a pleasant home with a sloping lawn. A little girl, ten years old, is their only child. Mrs. Reichard made such serious charges against well-known people in the neighbourhood, accusing them of working magic spells, using charms, curses, &c., that she was arrested. 'Squire Weible, of Strausstown, issuing the warrant. The case was conducted A. N. Heilig, an attorney; Dr. Rudoiph Schultze and 'Squire Weible to investigate the case. They found that she was sane, excepting on the subject of witchcraft. She accused some of the best people of the place of trying to bring a plague into the community, stirring up domestic strifes by supernatural means and killing off their enemies by bewitching them.

Her house was a curiosity shop of articles used to drive off witches. Above every doorway in the house was found a charm which the woman had purchased of a witch doctor when her husband was away from home. She frequently allowed the family to suffer for the necessaries of life because she spent all the money her husband gave her with the witch doctors. These doctors told her the charms had to be replaced every month. The charms were sewed up in small canvas bags and were found to consist of the figures of men and women cut out of witch hazel The woman visited their residences and obtained possession of some of their hair from that part of their head where phrenologists locate the bump of love, this hair she burned and spread on buttered bread, and gave it to the dog of the family in which the supposed witch lived. In other cases she obtained possession of snakes, burned them to ashes and scattered it over the doorsteps of her victim. She procured live toads, cut them into quarters, and fried and ate them, at the same time pronouncing her curse on the witch. She was also accustomed to apply to the women whom she accused of being witches for some of their milk when in childbirth. This she fed to a black cat, thus destroying, as she believed, the power of witchcraft. She was continually afraid that these witches would work their charms or spells upon her, and to keep them off she carried the feathers of three doves, wrapped in the first two chapters of Genesis, next to her heart.

These are but a few of her remedies to keep off witches. She says that she believes in them as firmly as she believes in her own existence, and the women who are witches manifest themselves in all manner of forms. Frequently they press her so hard as to almost take the breath out of her, and then they dance on her head. She says that they have wings like dragons. And witches show themselves in all forms, very frequently as cats.

"I know that in one neighbourhood while a man was working in his barnyard a black cat rubbed herself against his leg. He kicked at her, and when she refused to go took his pitchfork and ran it through her back. The cat went away yelling with pain. Next day the farmer heard that a woman in the neighbourhood who was known as a witch was ill. He went to her house and found that she had been run through the back by a sharp instrument just where he stabbed the black cat. That woman's power as a witch was ever afterwards broken."

The report of the committee which investigated the case will be presented to court. Mrs. Reichard is forty years old and inclined to stoutness. She comes from a very good family. It is generally supposed that, led by her belief in witchcraft, she consulted the witch doctors, and that the latter impressed these absurd beliefs upon her. This man has a reputation all over Eastern Pennsylvania as an oracle on all matters pertaining to witches, and that he possesses the power to break their spells. He makes the people living in the backwoods of Lebanon, Lancaster, Schuylkill, Lehigh, Chester and several other counties practise the most absurd rites, besides filching much hard-earned money. He claims to possess the power to compel any person to do anything another desires, and to remove any obstacles or bring about anything whatever, no matter how unreasonable it may appear.

CRUELTY IN NAPLES.

OUR correspondent writes from Naples, June 16:—"*The Times* of June, 12, has a letter to the editor from 'Ouida' on 'Cruelty in Naples.' It appears to have been suggested by a letter from your correspondent, published on June, 1, on the Fête of the Roses. All that 'Ouida' alleges as to cruelty in Naples is perfectly true, but to have reported cases of barbarity while writing of 'flowers, song, and sunshine' would have been as much out of place as a denunciation of vivisection in Paris would have been intermingled with a report of the 'Fête of Flowers' in the Bois de Boulogne. Every friend of humanity must be grateful to 'Ouida' for having brought before the public a subject of such deep interest; but she is much in error—involuntarily so, I believe—in supposing that your correspondent 'never mentions or alludes to that hideous barbarity common to the city, being unwilling, perhaps, to spoil the rose-light of the pictures which he sends you.' The fact is, however, that during a period of more than 30 years I have frequently reported and protested against the very instances of cruelty of which 'Ouida' speaks, and many more besides. The truth has been frequently spoken, and the lash not spared, it is to be hoped with some good effect. More than this, when the Prince of Carignano was Governor or Viceroy of Naples, four other gentlemen together with myself requested and were granted a special audience of the Prince. All are dead except myself; but two were Italians, be it said to the honour of their country, and three were Englishmen. Our object was to induce his Royal Highness to accept the honorary presidency of a society for the protection of animals then in course of formation—a request with which he graciously complied. Much progress was not, however, made. The angel of mercy had not yet troubled the waters sufficiently, and legislation was needed to give the right of interference. Still the society existed, and later and under more favourable auspices it gave rise to another which is now doing good service. With the late Mrs. Somerville, the honour of whose acquaintance I enjoyed, I had frequent conversations on this subject, and in 1872 I received a letter from her which now lies before me, and which says:—You must be aware of the atrocious barbarity of the Italians to animals, which is a disgrace to the country. I am requested to take a part in their favour, which I do with my whole heart, and therefore I apply to you for aid in this difficult affair.' That request had been anticipated by me, and ever since the death of that humane and distinguished woman I have lost no opportunity of denouncing acts of cruelty to animals wherever they present themselves to me. But my powers of locomotion and observation are now limited—time spares no one; yet Italians and even Southerners are listening to the appeal which has been made to them by all civilized nations. In several cities of Italy societies for the protection of animals are flourishing, and that in Naples is doing good work; but the whole country was in a state of political degradation and moral corruption from which it will take several generations to raise it. Still there is a mass of good healthy and Christian feeling forming among all classes, and the schoolmaster and the press might aid much. A little volume was published by an English lady, now deceased, in Florence a few years ago, urging the duty of humanity to animals; but every book used in the schools must be submitted to the inspection of the Ministry of Public Instruction, and it would not be difficult to suggest a far better and more interesting selection. As to the priest, if he would omit his panegyrics of the saints and instruct his audience in their duty to the lower animals intrusted to our care, how useful he might be in promoting a great work. I ventured to suggest this to an old canon as he was wading some children throwing birds in the air with strings tied to their legs, 'but the little ones must have some amusement,' he said. My old friend, now dead, was one of a class fast passing away, and I believe that among the priesthood might be found many who would willingly assist in suppressing cruelty to animals. Italians are far from being a cruel people, and with the exception of those more atrocious cases alluded to by 'Ouida,' which should be put down by the strong arm of the law, those acts of cruelty which, alas, are too common may be attributed to ignorance. And here devolve great duties on the schoolmaster and the priest."—*Times.*

A SAND-STORM AT DONGOLA.

THE Dongola correspondent of the *Daily News* describes a sand-storm w... such visited that place on the 25th of M... After describing the sweltering midday h... eat, the thermometer looking as if it ...ould burst, the perspiration pouring into the eyes and obscuring vision, the correspondent continues:—

Rock and sand pain the eye by their glare. A black, dense, mud-coloured cloud suddenly appears on the horizon at the south, at first a speck, then growing larger and larger, rolling rapidly towards us, now in the distance, now nearer and nearer. Down go tents and up in the air go straw huts and sheds, while the palm branches wave and nod like the plumes of a hearse caught in a gale, or of the helmet of a knight at a mad gallop. On, on, it rolls that grimy, fast-riding cloud. Now I can see twenty yards ahead of me. The landscape is suddenly enveloped in a black shroud. It burst upon my bevel. Away go my half-answered home letters. Down come the spiders, and away bolt the rats—whom I encourage to run about—the cockroaches, scorpions, centipedes, and white-ants. In comes a flock of little crimson-headed bats, and trumble exhausted. I have no doors or windows to be blown in, and there is no fear of a shower of broken glass, such as I have seen during a sirocco on the shores of the Levant. Books, sketches, writing-paper, manuscripts, linen, lie scattered on the floor—heaped in a moment in black dust. Having washed the dust from his eyes and put on a pair of huge green-glass goggles, the only kind that keep out the sand, the correspondent looked forth into the moving mountain of sand. A burning blast like unto the breath of a fiery furnace scorches my face, dries up my skin, stopping every pore. I look unto the heavens. The sun was a blood-red ball of fire, floating "all in a hot and copper sky," while along the horizon hung a lurid light, such an one sees on the ocean before a storm. In the distance trees, huts, and tents were invisible; but near one could just make out the winding lead-coloured Nile, lashed into billows. A dense cloud, which enveloped all, seemed raining fire; the atmosphere as if seething, boiling, sputtering. And now, waltzing, whirling along the banks, come the "devils" (sinaytans), as the Arabs call them, the sandspouts—aerial giants—each indulging in a *pas seul*, their huge fantastic figures rearing their heads from earth to heaven. One is reminded of the *djin* of the "Arabian Nights" let out of the casket in which King Solomon had sealed him up, and rising as a tall column of smoke. Now I am enveloped in a heaving mountain of sand; the air is stifling, my mouth is parched, speech is impossible without wetting the lips, the tongue is swollen. I never before properly understood "the darkness of the Egyptian plague" which "could be felt."

ALLEGED CONSPIRACY BY YOUNG NAVAL OFFICERS.

AT Portsmouth enquiries have been instituted with the view to legal proceedings being taken in connection with the visit of a party of young men, said to be sub-lieutenants in the navy, to the office of a paper called *Chat* between one and two o'clock on Sunday morning, when, it is alleged, an attempt was made to take Mr. Proctor, the proprietor and editor, away by way of punishment for some strictures which had appeared in the paper on the conduct of sub-lieutenants when ashore. Mr. Proctor has made a statement, in which he says:—"About twenty-five minutes to two o'clock on Sunday morning I heard a noise at the outer gate in Arundel-street, and on going down asked what was wanted, and a voice replied, 'Let us in; there is a man here who has broken his leg, and he will die if you don't get him some brandy.' I went upstairs, put on my trousers and coat, and came down again, lighting the gas in the shop. All this time a man who was lying on the ground was groaning piteously. When I had lit the gas I opened the door and proceeded to do all I could to restore him. I knelt down, unfastened the man's collar and chafed his hands. He appeared to be in a cold perspiration, and while I was doing this he passed his face around. My wife came down and placed her fur cloak under his head as a pilow; she then went to get some stimulant, while I tried to lift him into the passage, and the servant brought down a folding chair into which to place him. The man, however, would not let me move him, as they said it would hurt his leg. I said unless they allowed me to give him shelter for the night it was useless for me to attempt to do anything. Just then a policeman came up, and they sent him for a stretcher. When the constable had gone down Arundel-street I went to look for a cab, when a neighbour said, 'Look out, there is a trick. They have caused the drag at out here for some time.' I then tried to go indoors again, but they elbowed me out. I said I wanted to get my overcoat, but I was told there was one in the cab I tried again to go indoors when two men seized me, lifting me off the ground, one of the men who thus seized me being he who had pretended to have broken his leg. Two others joined them, and hustled me towards the cab. I omit to say that I noticed the flicker of a dark lantern when I first came down. It was not until they began to hustle me that I suspected foul play, and then I shouted and fought as hard as I could. They used me very violently, and put a substance over my mouth that to the touch resembled indiarubber. They next thrust me into the cab head foremost, but I fought my way out; then they threw me in again legs foremost, and I again struggled out. The third time that they threw me hurt me most of all. The cabman was whipping his horse on, and I alighted on the animal's haunches, falling down among its feet, my head hanging across the shafts. The man then pulled me against the wheels, and I felt one wheel going over my arm, when I clutched one of the spokes, and that stopped the cab. Just then the policeman ran up, and was in time to seize the horse's head and take the name of the cabman. When I was rescued I turned round, and saw my wife striking one of the men. They all then ran away, but one picked up two sticks and some hats, and one young man, dressed in a light suit, came back, and we recognised him as one of the party. My wife accused him, but he denied it, and the policeman who was standing by asked, 'What shall I do?' I at once said 'Arrest him.' The man at once began to struggle, but some people came to our assistance. After struggling for about five minutes we managed to blow the policeman's whistle, which brought another policeman to our help. As soon as he arrived the man was handcuffed and taken to the police station, where he gave the name of Gurney, and offered to compensate me, but this is an outrage which I shall leave to be dealt with by the proper authorities." All the sub-lieutenants were paraded in uniform at the Naval College, but Mr. Proctor was unable to identify any of them as they were in plain clothes. The sub-lieutenant who was taken to the station was not detained in custody.

NOTICES.

MEDICAL.

BLINDNESS, DEAFNESS, &c.

ALL DISEASES of the Eye, Ear, Nose, and Throat: Deafness, Noises in the Head, Defective Sight, Squinting, Cataract, Ophthalmia, Amaurosis, Gutta Serena, Inflammation, Loss of Eyelashes, etc., etc., treated on new and scientific principles and on the latest and most modern systems of practice.

Dr. R. JANSZ, M. B., etc.,

Formerly of Drs. Engler and Jansz, Oculists, Aurists, Specialists, Consulting and Operating Surgeons.

Hornby Row, Fort,
Opposite the General Post Office.
Hours of attendance—9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

Drs. Engler and Jansz are, by the exercise of their peculiar skill, doing a great deal of good in Bangalore. We have paid a casual visit to Dr. Engler's surgery to see for ourselves what is being done in the way of cures. Of course we speak unprofessionally, but we do not know that professional knowledge is required to judge as to results when seeing and hearing of patients themselves are freely allowed. Three cases of blindness, two nearly total, and one total in one eye, were, according to the testimony of the sufferers themselves, progressing with wonderful favourableness. One in which inflammation and granulation of the inner surface of the eyelids had lasted for months, and had caused ulceration of the eye-ball, was almost cured after about a fortnight's treatment, although previous treatment had failed to give relief. In another case, where both eyes were seriously affected the patient was considerably better, and in the one in which the sight of one eye had been lost, it was restored, and though not completely recovered, was on a fair way towards it. This patient freely and without effort read from a newspaper with the injured eye, though no sight whatever was in it a few days previous. In cases of deafness Dr. Engler seems even more certain of success than in blindness. One little girl, who had been deaf for years, was restored so far as to be able to hold a conversation in ordinary tones; she heard the softest spoken words and answered to them, and heard the ticking of a watch held from four to six inches from her ears. Two soldiers belonging to the garrison, suffering from deafness, have been cured; one, a man who had been in hospital for weeks and been blistered and put to great pain by ordinary treatment, perfectly recovered his hearing in twenty-four hours.

We are quite aware that any detailed notice of such cures as these are apt to be looked at askance by the general public. But this, we fancy, is the result of the infrequency of such notices. Why men who benefit the suffering members of the public, as Drs. Engler and Jansz are undoubtedly doing, should receive no attention from the press, when whole columns are given up to descriptions of the tricks of some travelling juggler, it would be, perhaps, hard to explain. It is a fact, however, that, while the public naturally has to pay for both, the one who gives most good is the least noticed.—*Bangalore Spectator*, Dec. 1883.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY.

ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press, having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY Company the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting notices or advertisements on the lines.

The Cantonment of SECUNDRABAD, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison India ... garrison comprising over 5,000 British and ...ive troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of BOLARUM, garrisoned by two regiments and one battery of the Hyrabad Contingent, all officered by European... South of Secundrabad, about 4 miles, are the suburbs of Hydrabad, containing the Nizam's regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the stations on the above railway, the most important of which are SECUNDRABAD, HYDRABAD, GANGAWARUM and TANDUR.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.

The advantages which Railway Stations present as a means of bringing intimations of all kinds before the public have been demonstrated in England by the extensive use which is made by Advertisers, of every station, great and small, along every one in the United Kingdom.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES HOTELKEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway ation Advertising.*

There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India. Looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines of Western India, Native Merchants, Traders, &c., seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.

Advertisers can select the Stations at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcement known to the public.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers, may be printed at moderate charges in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Board not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 fee broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foot annas 2.

Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet, will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six Stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent.; on twelve Stations or more, twenty-five per cent.

The boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.

Special arrangements for long periods.

For further particulars apply to the Manager *Bombay Gazette* Office Rampart Row, Fort.

INSURANCES.

THE INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, Limited,

IS the FIRST PUBLIC COMPANY established in India, to provide Security against Losses arising through dishonesty of persons holding situations of trust, and to obviate the inconvenience and defects of Suretyship by Prite Bondsmen.

The Security of Association is now generally adopted for European and Native Officer under Government and Public Companies.

Friends and Relations are relieved of the fear of those pecuniary-losses to which persons are exposed who become responsible for the acts of others.

Moderate rates according to the nature of the Employment on the amount of security required.

Premiums periodically reduced.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms, apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I. A.,
9, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. Secretary.

THE STANDARD LIFE OFFICE,
38, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

DIRECTORS:

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MEDICAL OFFICER.—W. K. HATCH, Esq., M.B

UPWARDS of FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS per annum is paid by this Office to the representatives of deceased policy-holders. The Funds in hand amount to upwards of SIX MILLIONS STERLING invested only in unexceptionable securities. Every facility is afforded for the despatch of business.

THOMAS LANG,
Secretary.

STILL GERMAN WINES.

WE beg to invite attention to our Selection of PABSTMANN'S Celebrated STILL HOCKS from the Rhine Provinces at prices ranging from Rs. 16 to Rs. 34 per dozen quarts, and Rs. 9 to Rs. 16 per dozen pints. The assortment we offer has been carefully selected to allow of Connoisseurs making selections to suit their respective requirements.

Per doz. qts. Rs.			Per doz. pts Rs. a.
16	Laubenheimer, light	... ...	... 9 0
16	Deidesheimer, mellow	... ...	... 9 0
18	Geisenheimer, soft and fine-flavoured	... ...	... 10 8
21	Steinwein, in glass jugs, delicate	... ...	... ...
21	Leibfrauminch, very soft and delicate	... ...	... 11 8
24	Hockheimer Berg.	... ...	... 13 0
27	Rudesheimer	Rich after ...	... 14 8
30	Marcobrnnier	Dinner Wines. ...	... 16 0
34	Queen Victoria Berg.	...	... ...

BARTON AND COMPANY, LD.,

WINE, PROVISION AND GENERAL STORES,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

JOHN MORGAN & Co.,
ARMY TAILORS,
5, ALBEMARLE STREET, PICCADILLY, LONDON, W.

Regret to find that many of their Customers have been caused much annoyance and disappointment by circulars from firms of almost similar name leading them to suppose that they had removed their business.

It is therefore necessary to protect themselves, and due to their very large and much valued connection amongst Officers and Gentlemen of the Indian Services, that they should state that they still carry on their business at their old and only address,

No. 5, ALBEMARLE STREET, PICCADILLY, LONDON, W.,

where the measures and patterns of their customers are all registered—

JOHN MORGAN & Co.

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.,
BOMBAY.

ALSO OF LONDON, CALCUTTA, BORDEAUX, MADRAS, LAHORE, KARACHI.

FOUR GOLD AND TWO SILVER MEDALS were awarded to us and Correspondents whom we represented at the late Calcutta International Exhibition.

CASH. CREDIT.

Per case. 1 doz. qts. Rs. a.	2 doz. pts. Rs. a.	LIQUEURS, &c.	Per case. 1 doz. qts. Rs. a.	2 doz. pts. Rs. a.
49	8 51 8	Curacao, Amsterdam, Orange and White	... 52	0 54 0
7	4 ...	Chartreuse, green, per bottle	... 7	8 ...
6	4 ...	Do. yellow	... 6	8 ...
...	...	Benedictine, Real or Wenzel's	... 53	8 57 8
51	4 55 0	Maraschino de Zara, best	... 53	8 57 8
47	8 ...	Noyeau de Martinique	... 49	8 ...
37	0 ...	Kümmell, finest Riga	... 38	8 ...
38	12 40 12	Cherry Brandy, best Copenhagen	... 40	8 42 8
26	0 ...	Orange Bitters, best	... 27	0 ...
19	4 ...	Curnoutin	... 20	0 ...
...	27 8	Assorted Liqueurs, choice, per doz. pts. ...	... ...	28 8
15	8 ...	Ginger Wine, finest green (Usher's)	... 16	0 ...
15	8 ...	Ginger Wine (Bishop's)	... 16	0 ...
19	0 ...	Quinine Wine (Bishop's)	... 20	0 ...
13	0 ...	Lime-Juice Cordial	... 13	8 ...

BEER AND CIDER.

5	8	3 12	Bass's Champagne Ale, "The Bull Dog" Bottling	5 12	4 0
5	8	3 12	Guinness's Extra Stout, "The Bull Dog" Bottling	5 4	3 12
5	0	3 8	German Pale Ale	5 4	3 12
5	0	3 8	Pilsener Beer	5 4	3 12
6	8	4 0	Champagne Cider	7 0	4 4
6	8	...	Norfolk "Dry, sparkling Cider"	7 0	...
4	0	2 4	Minerva Water	4 4	2 8

CASH. CREDIT.

Per Gallon. without Jar. Rs. a.	COGNAC IN JARS.	Per Gallon without Jar. Rs. a.
15 0	Cognac ****...	... 15 8
13 0	,, ***	... 13 8
11 4	,, **	... 11 8
10 8	,, *	... 10 12

WHISKY IN JARS.

8 12 Irish and Scotch, A 1 quality 9 0

The Jars can be returned for refilling. We keep stocks of Cognacs and Whiskies in wood. An allowance for the Jar will be made deducting all outlay for carriage to Godown.

Empty Jars for do.	...	...	...	...	1 gal. Rs. 2 0 each.
Do.	do.	do.	...	...	2 ,, ,, 3 0 ,,
Do.	do.	do.	...	...	4 ,, ,, 4 0 ,,

Wood Taps, Re. 1-8 each. Plated Taps, Rs. 4 each.

SHERRY IN WOOD AND JARS.

4 Gls. Per Jar Rs. a.	13 Gals. Octve Rs. a.	27 Gals. Qtr Cask Rs. a.	54 Gals. Hhd Rs. a.	MANZANILLA.	4 Gls. Per Jar. Rs. a.	13½ Gals. Octve Rs. a.	27 Gals. Qtr. Cask. Rs. a.	54 Gals. Hhd. Rs. a.
38	4 113 0	216 0	424 0		40 0	123 0	236 0	463 0

CLARET IN WOOD.

Hhd. 48 Gals. Rs. a.		Hh 48 Gals. Rs. a.
216 0	St. Estephe	... 231 0
172 0	Petit Medoc	... 180 0

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

RUBY.

CASH. Per case. 1 doz. qts. Rs. a.		CARDIT. Per case. 1 doz. qts. Rs. a.
24 0	Red Hermitage	... 25 0
21 4	Carbinet Grape	... 22 0

WHITE.

31 8	White Hermitage	... 33 0
22 0	Reisling Grape	... 23 0

COMPLETE MEDICINES CHEST.

TO FAMILIES AND UP-COUNTRY RESIDENTS.

DR. JAYNE'S

HOUSEHOLD MEDICINES
ARE STRONGLY RECOMMENDED.

THEY HAVE BEEN TRIED FOR UPWARDS OF 40 YEARS, AND FOUND SAFE, SIMPLE, AND EFFECTIVE.

JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT

Will give relief from Cough, Cold, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis and Weak Chest.

JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE

Is exceedingly beneficial in Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Ague in Children, Debility, and Sick Headache.

JAYNE'S SPECIFIC FOR TAPE-WORM

Destroys this troublesome animal.

JAYNE'S CARMINATIVE BALSAM

a pleasant, safe, and certain remedy for Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Asiatic Cholera, Cholera Morbus Colic, Griping Pains, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, want of Appetite, and inability to Sleep.

JAYNE'S ALTERNATIVE

Is highly edicient in curing Swellings, Ulcers, Cancerous and other Tumours, Goitre, Bronchoce Inlargement of Liver, Spleens, Kidneys, &c.

JAYNE'S AGUE MIXTURE

Never fails to cure speedily ordinary Fevers and Ague.

JAYNE'S LINIMENT OR COUNTRY-IRRITANT

Is an external application for Sprains, Bruises, Sour Throat, Quinsy, Pains and Soreness in the ones, Paralysis, Pains and Stiffness of Joints, Rheumatism, Gout, &c.

JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS

Are sovereign remedy for Liver Complaints, Jaundice, affections of the Bladder and Kidney Erysipelas, Imparity of the Blood, and Costiveness. They give tone to the stomach.

JAYNE'S HAIR TONIC

Preserves and beautifies the Hair. It assists growth and accelerates restoration of the Hair.

The above preparations are sold everywhere. Order them from your Chemists or Druggists.

For further particulars, Testimonials, &c., see Dr. JAYNE'S Medical Almanac and Guide to Health distributed free.

☞ Sole wholesale Agents, Messrs. WARDEN & Co., Medows-street Fort, Bombay.

NETHERTON AND OLD HILL IRON WORKS.

NEAR DUDLEY, ENGLAND.

NOTICE TO IRON MERCHANTS AND CONSUMERS IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY RESPECTING

"NETHERTON BEST" IRON.

HAVING reason to believe that considerable quantities of Common Bar Iron are sold in the Indian Market as of our manufacture, and that a few Bars of the genuine Brand are being mixed with the bulk in order to mislead buyers, we hereby beg to intimate that all Bars of our well-known make of Iron are branded "NETHERTON BEST," and that this Iron can always be supplied by certain recognised Merchan s, AND IN BOMBAY BY Messrs. RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS.

N. HINGLEY & SONS.

BOOK OF BOMBAY

BY JAMES DOUGLAS

ILLUSTRATING THE HISTORY OF BOMBAY FROM THE MARRIAGE TREATY IN 1661 TO THE YEAR OF GRACE 1883,

With the views of Seevajee and the Peishwas, of Bonaparte and Nelson, and Arthur Wellesley and other remarkable historical characters in regard to the City; as well as a great deal of interesting and valuable information respecting the growth of the City, its Commerce, Topography and surroundings.

With an excellent Chromo-litho. Portrait of Seevajee, by Messrs Maclure and Macd

SCHWEITZER'S COCOATINA.

Anti-Dyspeptic Cocoa or Chocolate Powder.

GUARANTEED PURE SOLUBLE COCOA OF THE FINEST QUALITY, WITHOUT SUGAR OR ADMIXTURE.

COCOATINA is the best Cocoa for INDIA and the COLONIES, *keeping for years in all climates*, being in a concentrated form, Made instantaneously with boiling water, and palatable without milk.

The FACULTY pronounce it the "most nutritious, perfectly digestible beverage for *Breakfast, Luncheon, or Supper;*" and invaluable for Invalids and Young Children. "Being absolutely" all Cocoa," with the excess of fat extracted, is four times the strength of preparations thickened yet weakened with arrowroot, starch, &c., and in reality cheaper than such mixtures, a teaspoonful to a breakfast cup costing less than one halfpenny.

Celebrated for remarkable Sustaining Properties. Specially adapted for Early Breakfasts.

Adopted as a Medical Comfort in the Royal Navy.

Retailed by Chemists, Grocers, &c., in Air-tight Tins, at 1s. 6d., 3s., 5s. 6d., &c.

WHOLESALE BY THE SOLE PROPRIETORS.

H. SCHWEITZER & Co., 10, Adam Street, Strand, London, W.C.

AND ALL WHOLESALE HOUSES.

W. G. BAGNALL,

CASTLE ENGINE WORKS,

STAFFORD, ENGLAND.

MANUFACTURER OF

LIGHT RAILWAYS AND TRAMWAYS.

FOR ESTATES,
PLANTATIONS,
MUNICIPALITIES,
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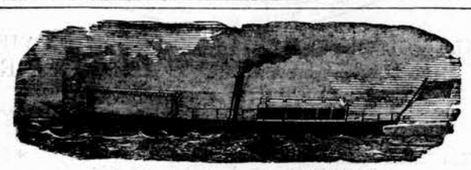

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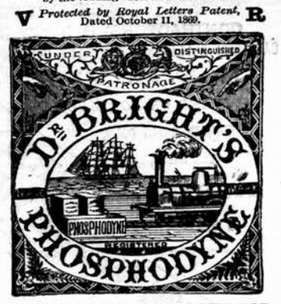

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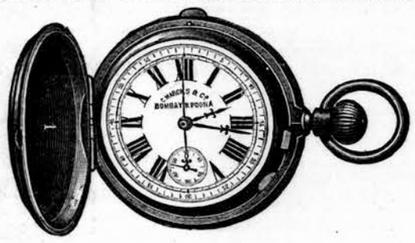

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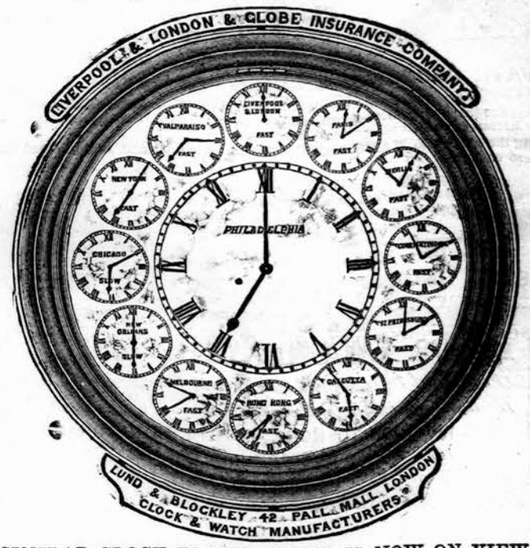

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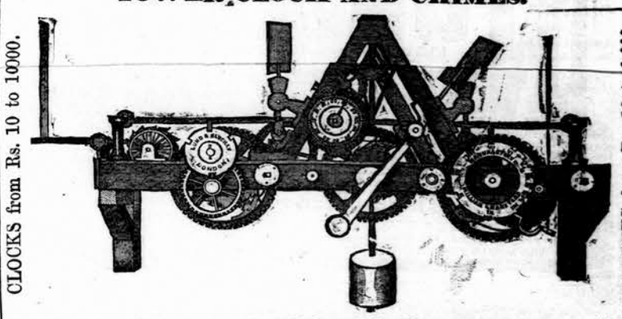

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